An accessible patient-derived xenograft model of low-risk myelodysplastic syndromes

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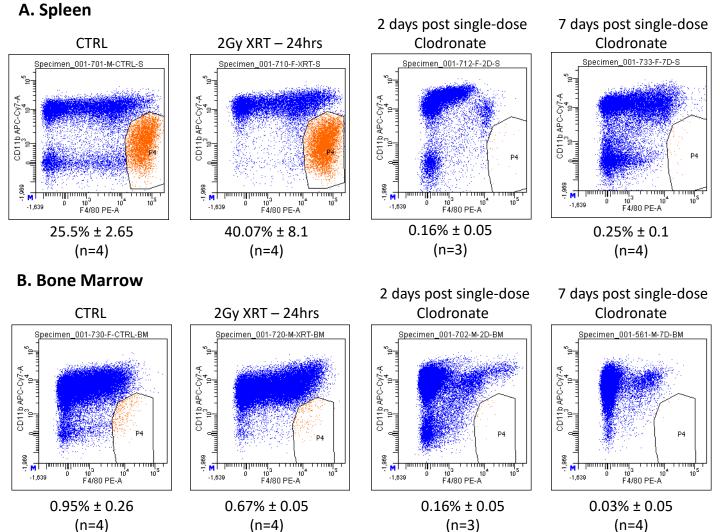
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Supplementary Figure 1



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Primary Str	ain	Mouse ID	%hCD45+			
	Juani		РВ	BM	Spleen	
Patient 1	NSG	#20	0.2	0.5	N/A	
		#21	0	0.1	0.03	
		#22	0	2	0.02	
			#11	7.3	8.8	16.4
	NSGS	#10	11.2	14.9	54.9	
		#30	N/A	14.4	N/A	
Patient 2	NSG	#300	0.2	1.4	0.2	
		#302	0.6	1.1	0.2	
	NSGS	#P10	9.4	26.1	11.2	
		#P11	12.8	25.1	12.9	
		#P30	7.5	18.1	14.5	
Patient 3	n NSGS	no Aza	#160	3.7	94.3	9.8
			#162	3.1	96.9	8.1
			#164	20.7	99.3	31.3
		Aza	#161	20.3	69.4	22.5
			#163	2.6	41.4	12.7

Supplemental Figure 1. Clodronate depletes macrophages in the spleen and BM of NSGS mice, allowing for engraftment of primary low-risk MDS

(A) Clodronate, but not XRT, depletes >99% of mouse spleen macrophages at 2 and 7 days. (B) Clodronate, but not XRT, depletes 83% of mouse BM macrophages at 2 days, and 97% at 7 days. (C) Table showing levels of engraftment in individual mice, in PB, BM and spleen, at the time of sacrificing. Percentages represent hCD45⁺ cells out of (mCD45⁺ + hCD45⁺) cells.