

Pirtobrutinib and venetoclax combination overcomes resistance to targeted and chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy in aggressive mantle cell lymphoma

Yang Liu,¹ Fangfang Yan,² Vivian Changying Jiang,¹ Yijing Li,¹ Yuxuan Che,¹ Joseph McIntosh,¹ Alexa Jordan,¹ Ian Hou,¹ Lei Nie,¹ Jingling Jin,¹ Wei Wang,¹ Heng-Huan Lee,¹ Yixin Yao¹ and Michael Wang^{1,3}

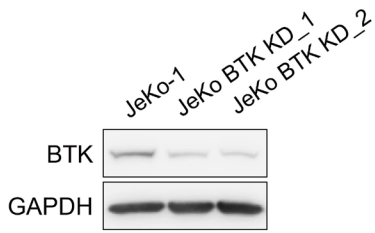
¹Department of Lymphoma and Myeloma, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center; ²Center for Precision Health, School of Biomedical Informatics, The University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston and ³Department of Stem Cell Transplantation and Cellular Therapy, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA

Correspondence: M. WANG - miwang@mdanderson.org

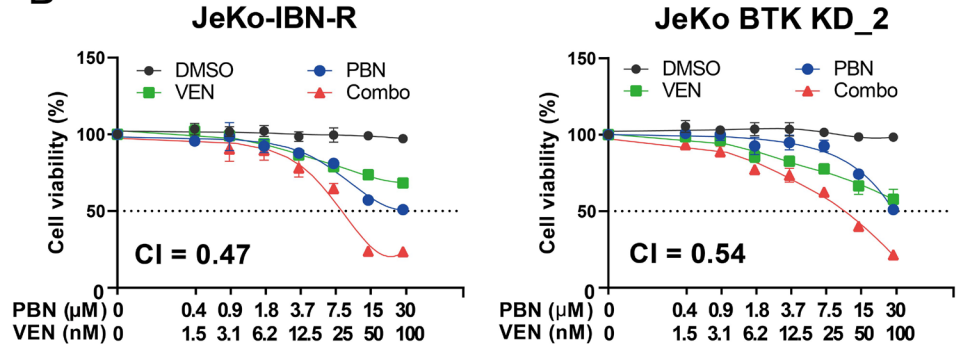
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Supplementary Data

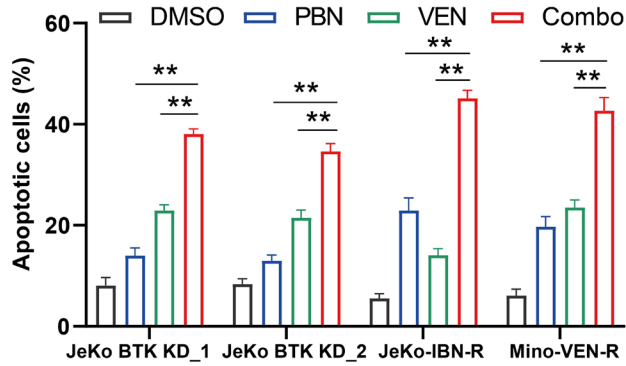
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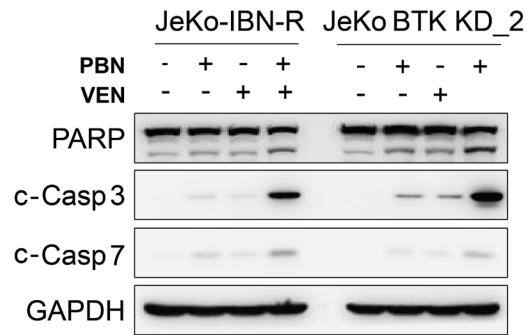
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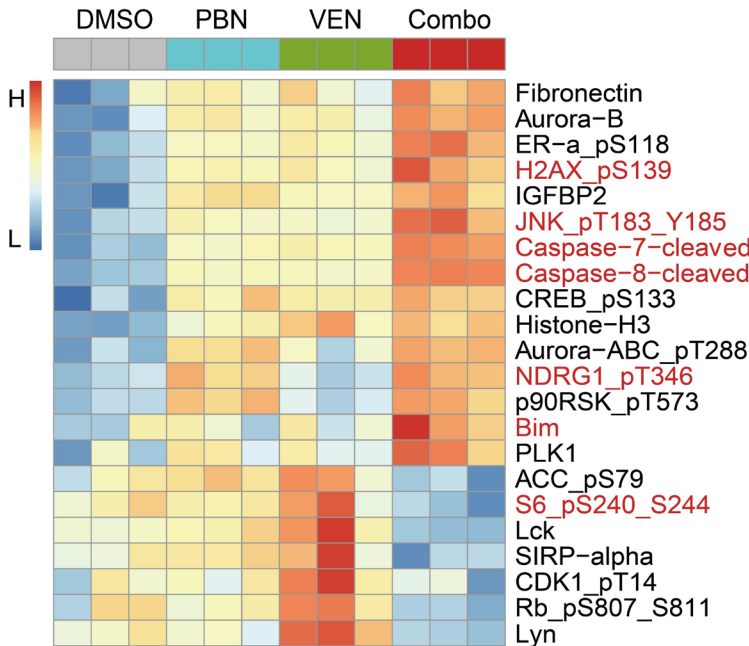
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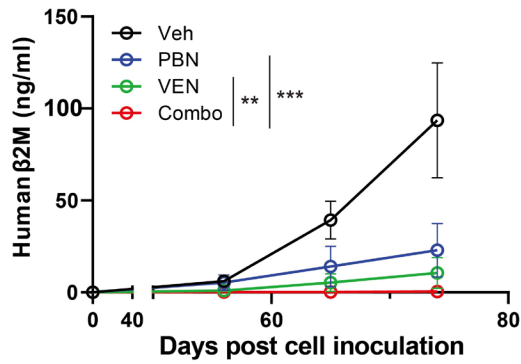


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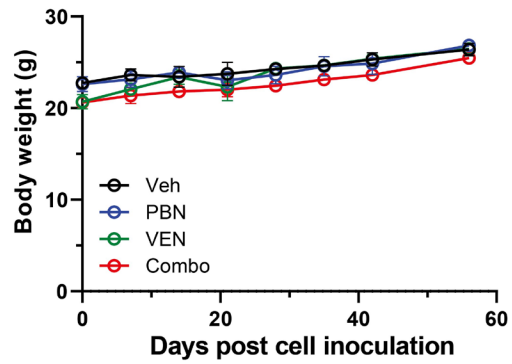


Supplementary Figure S1. *In vitro* anti-MCL activity of the pirtobrutinib-venetoclax combination in resistant MCL cell lines. (A) BTK expression levels for parental JeKo-1 cells and two BTK knockdown JeKo-1 clones. (B) Dose-response cell viability assay was performed for JeKo BTK KD_2 and JeKo-ibrutinib-R cells after a 72 h treatment using the CellTiter-Glo luminescence assay (Promega). The combination Index (CI) (where synergistic, additive, and antagonistic effects are defined by $CI < 1$, $CI = 1$, and $CI > 1$, respectively) is indicated in the individual panels. (C) Annexin V/PI apoptosis assay was performed for the indicated resistant MCL cell lines after 24 h treatment with DMSO, pirtobrutinib, venetoclax or the pirtobrutinib-venetoclax combination. $**p < 0.01$. (D) Heatmap showed RPPA-based protein expression profiles of JeKo-IBN-R cells in response to 12 h treatment of pirtobrutinib, venetoclax, and their combination. Names of proteins of interest are written in red. (E) JeKo-BTK KD_2 and JeKo-IBN-R cells were treated with pirtobrutinib or/and venetoclax for 24 h. Apoptosis induction is indicated by cleaved caspase 3/7 and PARP. GAPDH was used as a loading control.

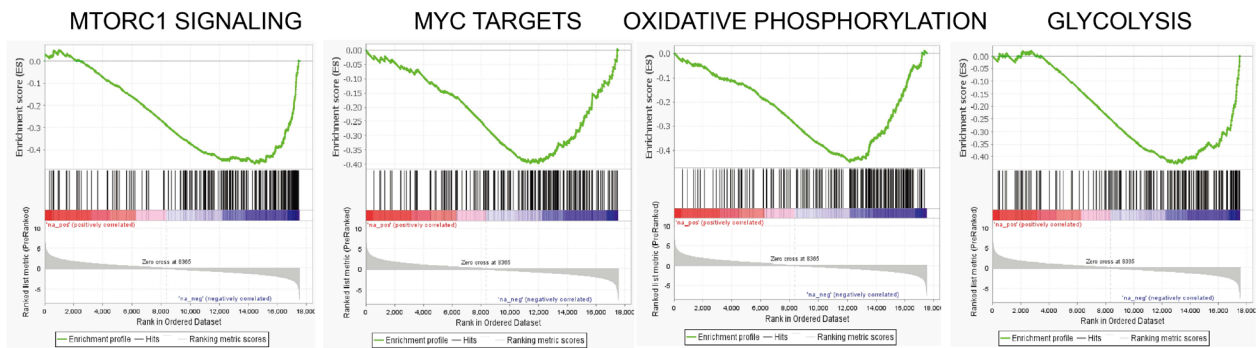
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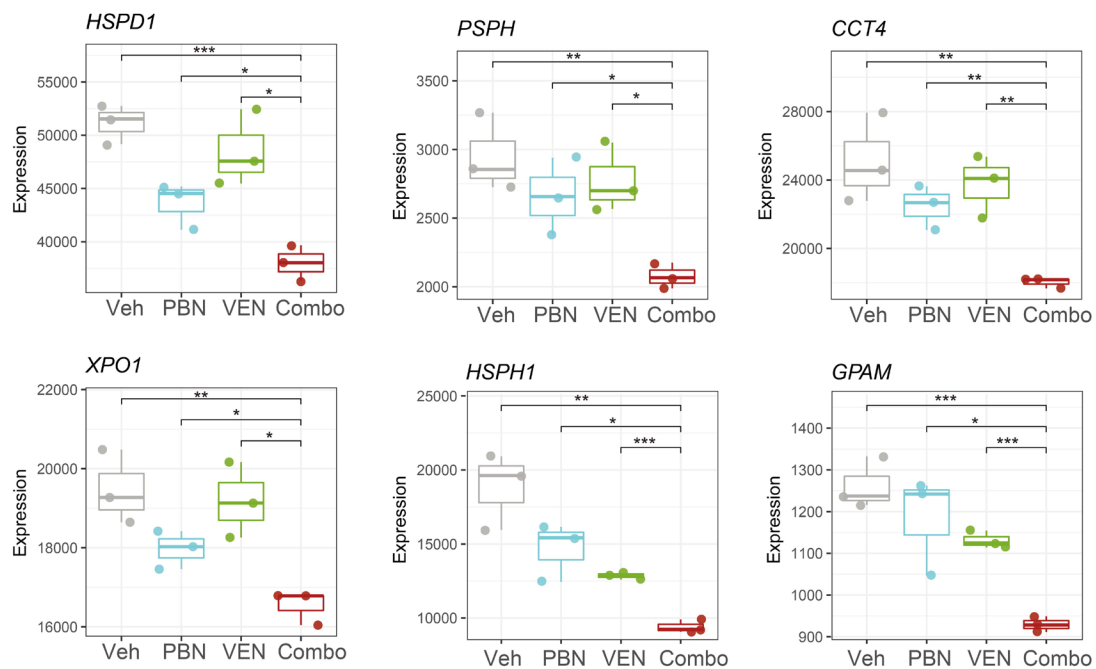
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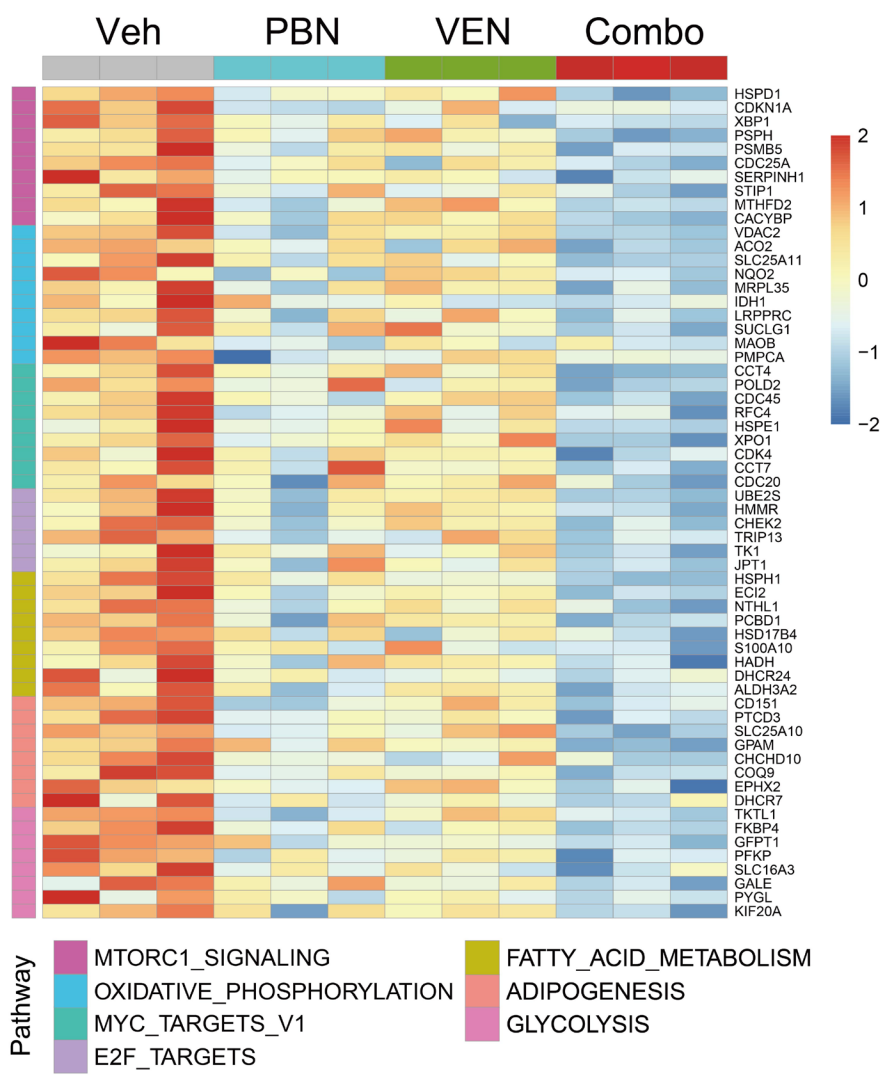


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Supplementary Figure S2. The pirtobrutinib-venetoclax combination showed enhanced anti-MCL efficacy in Mino-venetoclax-R xenograft model with a favorable safety profile. (A) Mouse tail vein blood was collected

periodically and β 2M levels in the serum were measured with a β 2M ELISA kit to assess the tumor burden. **(B)** Mouse body weight was monitored throughout the treatment period as indicated. **(C)** GSEA enrichment plots show downregulation of mTORC1, MYC targets, OXPHOS, and glycolysis pathways in the combination group compared to vehicle. **(D)** Box plots display the expression of representative differentially expressed genes in the combination group versus both single treatments and vehicle group. n = 3 per group. *p < 0.05. **p < 0.01. ***p < 0.001.



Supplementary Figure S3. Heatmap shows the expression of the most downregulated gene targets in oncogenic and metabolism pathways by combination treatment in Mino-venetoclax-R xenograft model. Veh = vehicle; PBN = pirtobrutinib; VEN = venetoclax; Combo = combination.