

***KMT2A* partner genes in infant acute lymphoblastic leukemia have prognostic significance and correlate with age, white blood cell count, sex, and central nervous system involvement: a Children's Oncology Group P9407 trial study**

Blaine W. Robinson,^{1*} John A. Kairalla,² Meenakshi Devidas,³ Andrew J. Carroll,⁴ Richard C. Harvey,⁵ Nyla A. Heerema,⁶ Cheryl L. Willman,⁷ Amanda R. Ball,^{1*} Elliot C. Woods,^{1*} Nancy C. Ballantyne,^{1*} Karen A. Urtishak,^{1*} Frederick G. Behm,⁸ Gregory H. Reaman,^{9*} Joanne M. Hilden,¹⁰ Bruce M. Camitta,¹¹ Naomi J. Winick,¹² Jeanette Pullen,¹³ William L. Carroll,¹⁴ Stephen P. Hunger,¹⁵ ZoAnn E. Dreyer¹⁶ and Carolyn A. Felix¹⁵

¹Division of Oncology and the Center for Childhood Cancer Research, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA; ²Department of Biostatistics, University of Florida College of Public Health and Health Professions and College of Medicine, Gainesville, FL; ³Department of Global Pediatric Medicine, St Jude Children's Research Hospital, Memphis, TN; ⁴Department of Genetics, University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, AL; ⁵University of New Mexico Cancer Center and Department of Pathology, Albuquerque, NM; ⁶Department of Pathology, The Ohio State University Comprehensive Cancer Center, Columbus, OH; ⁷Mayo Clinic Comprehensive Cancer Center, Rochester, MN; ⁸Department of Pathology, University of Illinois at Chicago, Chicago, IL; ⁹Children's National Medical Center, Washington DC; ¹⁰Center for Cancer and Blood Disorders, Children's Hospital Colorado, Aurora, CO; ¹¹Medical College of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, WI; ¹²Division of Pediatric Hematology/Oncology, University of Texas Southwestern School of Medicine, Dallas, TX; ¹³Pediatric Hematology/Oncology, University of Mississippi Medical Center, Jackson, MS; ¹⁴Department of Pediatrics and Perlmutter Cancer Center, NYU Langone Health, New York, NY; ¹⁵Department of Pediatrics, Perelman School of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA and ¹⁶Texas Children's Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA

^{*}Current address

BWR: Therapy Acceleration Program, The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society, Rye Brook, NY; ARB: Division of Neonatology, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA; ECW: Department of Medicine, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, MA; NCB: General Radiology, Wake Forest Baptist Medical Center, Greensboro, NC; KAU: Oncology Translational Research, Janssen Research and Development, Spring House, PA and GHR: Childhood Cancer Data Initiative, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, USA

Correspondence:

C. A. FELIX - felix@chop.edu

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SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

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¹Division of Oncology and the Center for Childhood Cancer Research, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA, USA

²Department of Biostatistics, University of Florida College of Public Health and Health Professions and College of Medicine, Gainesville, FL, USA

³Department of Global Pediatric Medicine, St Jude Children's Research Hospital, Memphis, TN, USA

⁴Department of Genetics, University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, AL, USA

⁵University of New Mexico Cancer Center and Department of Pathology, Albuquerque, NM, USA

⁶Department of Pathology, The Ohio State University Comprehensive Cancer Center, Columbus, OH, USA

⁷Mayo Clinic Comprehensive Cancer Center, Rochester, MN, USA

⁸Department of Pathology, University of Illinois at Chicago, Chicago, IL, USA

⁹Children's National Medical Center, Washington DC, USA

¹⁰Center for Cancer and Blood Disorders, Children's Hospital Colorado, Aurora, CO, USA

¹¹Medical College of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, WI, USA

¹²Division of Pediatric Hematology/Oncology, University of Texas Southwestern School of Medicine, Dallas, TX, USA

¹³Pediatric Hematology/Oncology, University of Mississippi Medical Center, Jackson, MS, USA

¹⁴Department of Pediatrics and Perlmutter Cancer Center, NYU Langone Health, New York, NY, USA

¹⁵Department of Pediatrics, Perelman School of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, USA

¹⁶Texas Children's Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA

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Supplementary Table 1. Alternate multivariable Cox regression models

| | Only <i>KMT2A</i> -R Cases | | Continuous Age | | Treatment Cohort Included | |
|---|----------------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|---------------------------|--------|
| | Estimated HR (95% CI) | P* | Estimated HR (95% CI) | P | Estimated HR (95% CI) | P |
| Sex | | | | | | |
| Male | 1.60 (1.04- 2.46) | 0.032 | 1.53 (1.02- 2.28) | 0.039 | 1.60 (1.07- 2.40) | 0.022 |
| Female | Reference | | Reference | | Reference | |
| Age at diagnosis (months) | | | 0.84 (0.78- 0.91) | <0.001 | | |
| ≤ 90 days | 2.89 (1.75- 4.78) | <0.001 | | | 2.61 (1.62- 4.21) | <0.001 |
| > 90 days | Reference | | | | Reference | |
| WBC count | | | | | | |
| < 50 × 10⁹/L | Reference | | Reference | | Reference | |
| ≥ 50 × 10⁹/L | 2.33 (1.11- 4.92) | 0.026 | 2.43 (1.27- 4.66) | 0.008 | 2.69 (1.41- 5.15) | 0.003 |
| <i>KMT2A</i> Status/Partner Gene | | | | | | |
| <i>KMT2A</i>-G | | | Reference | | Reference | |
| <i>KMT2A</i>-R | | | | | | |
| <i>AFF1</i> | Reference | | 2.15 (1.17- 3.96) | 0.014 | 2.49 (1.35- 4.59) | 0.004 |
| <i>MLLT1</i> | 1.34 (0.80- 2.26) | 0.272 | 2.61 (1.32- 5.17) | 0.006 | 3.31 (1.67- 6.59) | 0.001 |
| <i>MLLT3</i> | 0.41 (0.12- 1.38) | 0.152 | 0.98 (0.28- 3.45) | 0.969 | 1.05 (0.30- 3.71) | 0.944 |
| Other Partner Gene | 1.01 (0.52- 1.96) | 0.983 | 2.15 (1.00- 4.63) | 0.051 | 2.54 (1.17- 5.52) | 0.019 |
| Unknown Partner Gene | 1.13 (0.44- 2.94) | 0.795 | 2.66 (0.96-7.40) | 0.060 | 2.76 (0.98- 7.72) | 0.054 |
| CNS Status | | 0.455 | | 0.912 | | 0.948 |
| CNS1 | Reference | | Reference | | Reference | |
| CNS2 | 1.36 (0.80- 2.31) | 0.252 | 0.99 (0.60- 1.62) | 0.96 | 1.07 (0.65- 1.76) | 0.777 |
| CNS3 | 1.03 (0.58- 1.84) | 0.910 | 0.90 (0.53- 1.51) | 0.69 | 1.00 (0.58- 1.70) | 0.986 |
| Treatment Cohort | | | | | | |
| Cohorts 1 & 2 | | | | | Reference | |
| Cohort 3 | | | | | 0.92 (0.59- 1.43) | 0.71 |

* p-values correspond to Wald tests comparing to reference levels (or one unit increase) in joint models including all listed factors.

Supplementary Table 2. Correlations of *KMT2A-G* vs. *KMT2A-R* status and partner genes with demographic and clinical covariates

| | <i>KMT2A-R</i> | <i>AFF1</i> | <i>MLL1</i> | <i>MLL3</i> | <i>KMT2A-R</i> 'Other' Partner Gene | <i>KMT2A-R</i> 'Unknown' Partner Gene | <i>KMT2A-G</i> | Comparison | FET <i>P</i> value |
|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|----------------|--|-----------------------|
| Variable | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | | |
| Age at diagnosis | | | | | | | | ≤ 90 d vs. >90 d | |
| ≤ 90 d | 40 (25.5%) | 23(29.5%) | 11 (33.3%) | 3 (21.4%) | 1 (5.0%) | 2 (16.7%) | 6 (11.5%) | <i>KMT2A-G</i> vs. all <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.036 |
| | | | | | | | | 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> vs. <i>AFF1</i> , <i>MLL1</i> or <i>MLL3</i> | 0.026 |
| > 90 d | 117 (74.5%) | 55(70.5%) | 22 (66.7%) | 11 (78.6%) | 19 (95.0%) | 10 (83.3%) | 46 (88.5%) | <i>AFF1</i> vs. all non- <i>AFF1</i> <i>KMT2A-R</i> * | 0.35 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLL3</i> | 0.75 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>AFF1</i> vs. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.022 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL1</i> vs. all non- <i>MLL1</i> <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.37 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL1</i> vs. <i>MLL3</i> | 0.50 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL1</i> vs. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.020 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL3</i> vs. all non- <i>MLL3</i> <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 1.00 |
| WBC Count | | | | | | | | < 50×10 ⁹ /L vs. ≥50×10 ⁹ /L | |
| < 50×10 ⁹ /L | 32 (20.4%) | 6 (7.7%) | 6 (18.2%) | 8 (57.1%) | 7 (35.0%) | 5 (41.7%) | 25 (48.1%) | <i>KMT2A-G</i> vs. all <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.0003 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>AFF1</i> vs. all non- <i>AFF1</i> <i>KMT2A-R</i> ** | <0.0001 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL1</i> vs. all non- <i>MLL1</i> <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 1.00 |
| ≥ 50×10 ⁹ /L | 123(78.3%) | 71(91.0%) | 26 (78.8%) | 6 (42.9%) | 13 (65.0%) | 7 (58.3%) | 27 (51.9%) | <i>MLL1</i> vs. <i>AFF1</i> | 0.18 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL1</i> vs. <i>MLL3</i> | 0.015 |
| Unknown | 2 (1.3%) | 1 (1.3%) | 1 (3.0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | <i>MLL1</i> vs. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.21 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL3</i> vs. <i>AFF1</i> , <i>MLL1</i> , or 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.0008 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL3</i> vs. <i>AFF1</i> | <0.0001 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>MLL3</i> vs. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.30 |

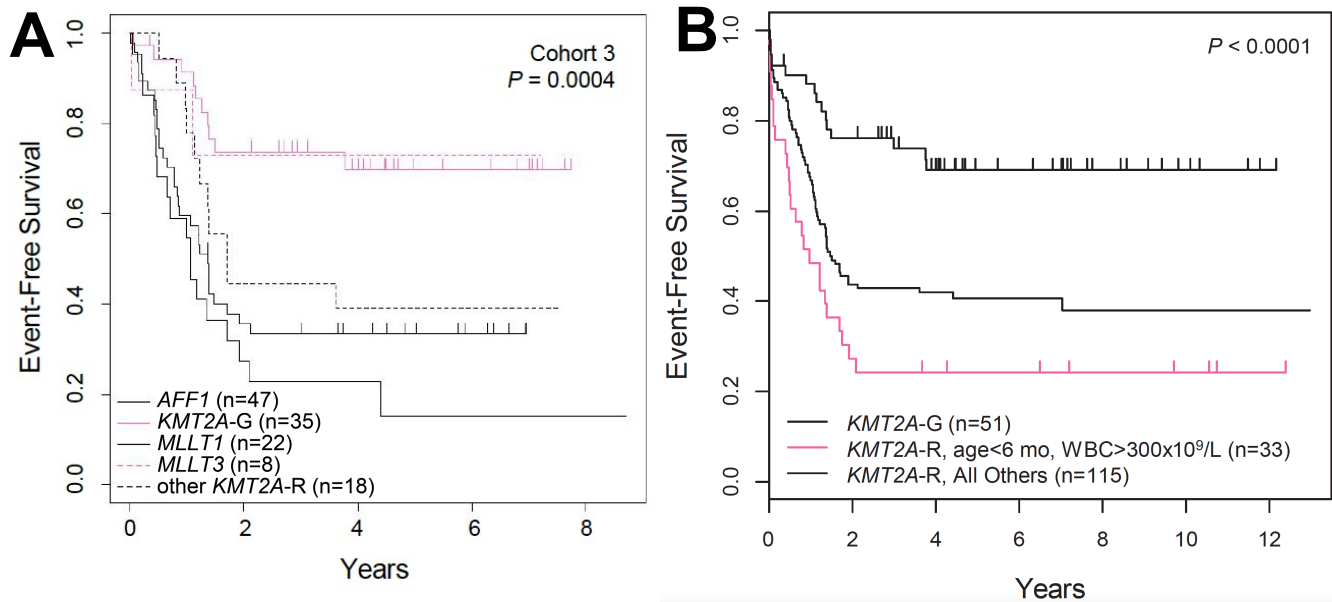
Supplementary Table 2 (cont'd). Correlations of *KMT2A-G* vs. *KMT2A-R* status and partner genes with demographic and clinical covariates

| | <i>KMT2A-R</i> | <i>AFF1</i> | <i>MLLT1</i> | <i>MLLT3</i> | <i>KMT2A-R</i> 'Other' Partner Gene | <i>KMT2A-R</i> 'Unknown' Partner Gene | <i>KMT2A-G</i> | Comparison | FET <i>P</i> value |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---|---|----------------|---|-----------------------|
| Variable | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | N (%) | | |
| Sex | | | | | | | | Male vs. Female | |
| Male | 72 (45.9%) | 36 (46.2%) | 16 (48.5%) | 7 (50.0%) | 10 (50.0%) | 3 (25.0%) | 33 (63.5%) | all <i>KMT2A-R</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.037 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.073 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLLT1</i> | 0.84 |
| | | | | | | | | <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLLT3</i> | 1.00 |
| Female | 85 (54.1%) | 42 (53.8%) | 17 (51.5%) | 7 (50.0%) | 10 (50.0%) | 9 (75.0%) | 19 (36.5%) | <i>AFF1</i> vs. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.81 |
| CNS Status | | | | | | | | | |
| CNS1 | 71 (45.2%) | 32 (41%) | 13 (39.4%) | 8 (57.1%) | 12 (60%) | 6 (50%) | 32 (61.5%) | CNS1; all <i>KMT2A-R</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.056 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; all <i>KMT2A-R</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.029 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1; <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.032 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.024 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1; <i>MLLT1</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.074 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; <i>MLLT1</i> vs. <i>KMT2A-G</i> | 0.020 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1; <i>AFF1</i> vs. all non- <i>AFF1 KMT2A-R</i> | 0.32 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; <i>AFF1</i> vs. all non- <i>AFF1 KMT2A-R</i> | 0.85 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1; <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLLT1</i> | 1.00 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLLT1</i> | 0.65 |
| CNS2 | 46 (29.3%) | 25 (32.1%) | 10 (30.3%) | 1 (7.1%) | 5 (25%) | 5 (41.7%) | 15 (28.8%) | CNS1; <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLLT3</i> | 0.23 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; <i>AFF1</i> vs. <i>MLLT3</i> | 0.74 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1; <i>AFF1</i> vs. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.21 |
| | | | | | | | | CNS1 or CNS2; <i>AFF1</i> v. 'Other' <i>KMT2A-R</i> | 0.39 |
| CNS3 | 38 (24.2%) | 20 (25.6%) | 10 (30.3%) | 4 (28.6%) | 3 (15%) | 1 (8.3%) | 5 (9.6%) | | |
| Unknown | 2 (1.3%) | 1 (1.3%) | 0 (%) | 1 (7.1%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (%) | 0 (0%) | | |

Fisher's exact tests (FET) compared the frequencies among the categories specified.

'Other' Partner Gene includes: *EPS15* (n=4); *MLLT10* (n=1); *ACTN4* (n=1); *ACER1* (n=1); and non-*AFF1*/non-*MLLT1*/non-*MLLT3* not further classified (n=13). 'Unknown' Partner Gene includes: non-*AFF1* not further classified (n=5); and *KMT2A-R* not further classified (n=7).

*1 of 5 *KMT2A-R* non-*AFF1* not further classified was ≤ 90 d. **2 of 5 *KMT2A-R* non-*AFF1* not further classified had $WBC \geq 50 \times 10^9/L$.



Supplementary Figure 1. Five-year EFS in COG P9407 infant ALL trial estimated by Kaplan-Meier method. (A) Five-year EFS in Cohort 3 after treatment modifications to reduce toxicities plotted as a function of *KMT2A-G* and *KMT2A* partner genes. Note similar EFS by genetic subtype in Cohort 3 compared to Cohorts 1, 2, and 3 combined (please see Figure 1A). (B) Kaplan-Meier estimates of EFS in COG P9407 trial plotted by Interfant-99 risk groups. Any *KMT2A-R* with age <6 months and $WBC > 300 \times 10^9/L$ (high-risk); *KMT2A-R* without either of these features (intermediate-risk; IR); *KMT2A-G* (low-risk; LR). (A-B) Numbers of patients in each risk group are at bottom in the plots. *P* values (top right) were calculated by the log-rank test.