Outcomes after late bone marrow and very early central nervous system relapse of childhood B-acute lymphoblastic leukemia: a report from the Children's Oncology Group phase III study AALL0433

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Supplemental Data

Supplemental Figure Legends

Figure S1 Panel A & B: Event-free survival (EFS) and Overall survival (OS) curves by minimal residual disease (MRD) range after induction-1, for late marrow relapse patients on standard arm (Arm A), with available MRD data (p-values < 0.0001). **Panel C & D:** EFS and OS curves by 0.1% MRD threshold after induction-1 for late marrow relapse patients on standard arm (Arm A), with available MRD data. The 3-year EFS and OS were 85.1 \pm 4.6% and 95.1 \pm 2.8% patients with MRD <0.1%, and 37.5 \pm 17.1% and 50.0 \pm 17.7% for patients with MRD ≥0.1% (both p-values < 0.0001).

Figure S2 Adjusted Disease-free survival (DFS) and Overall survival (OS) curves by hematopoietic cell transplantation (HCT) donor type for late marrow relapse patients. The 3-year adjusted DFS and OS were $73.7 \pm 7.0\%$ and $80.9 \pm 6.3\%$ for matched sibling donor, and $72.0 \pm 9.2\%$ and 72.0 + 9.2% for other donors (p-values: 0.65 and 0.67).

Figure S3 Adjusted Disease-free survival (DFS) and Overall survival (OS) curves by hematopoietic cell transplantation (HCT) vs. chemotherapy alone for patients with isolated CNS relapse. The 3-year adjusted DFS and OS were 71.4% \pm 17.0% and 71.4 \pm 17.1% for HCT, and 28.6% \pm 9.9% and 42.9 \pm 10.8% for chemotherapy alone (p-values: 0.12 and 0.18).

Figure S4 Event-free survival (EFS) and Overall survival (OS) curves by Vincristine randomization for late marrow patients. The 3-year EFS and OS were $70.1\% \pm 3.5\%$ and $78.6\% \pm 3.1\%$ for Arm A, and $55.1\% \pm 6.5\%$ and $63.6\% \pm 6.3\%$ for Arm B, (p-values = 0.09 and 0.07).

Figure S1

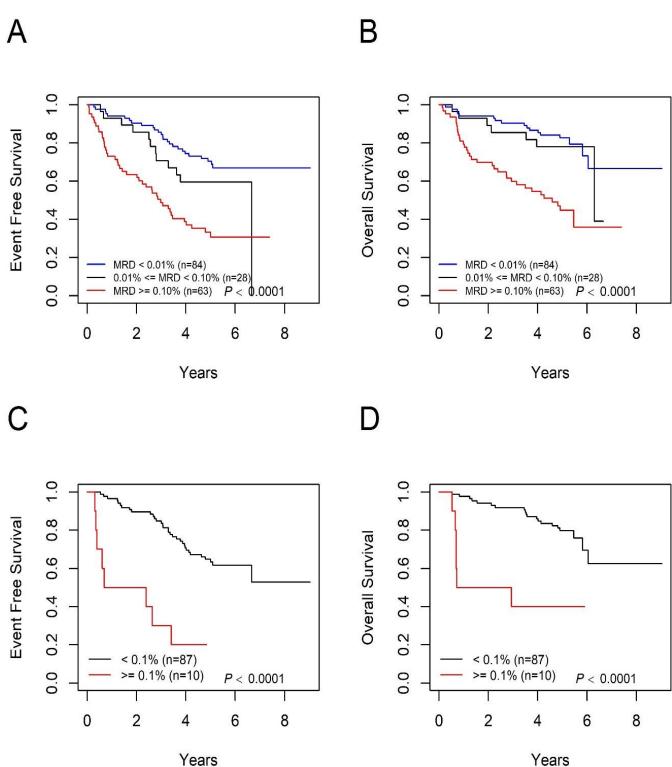
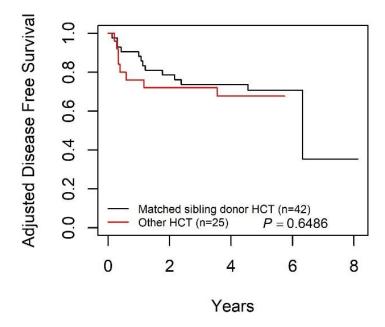


Figure S2





В

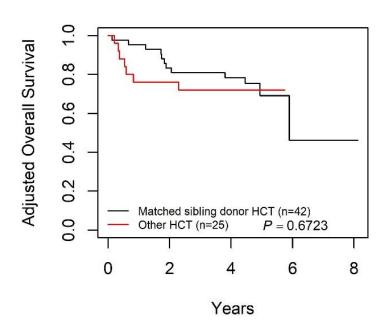
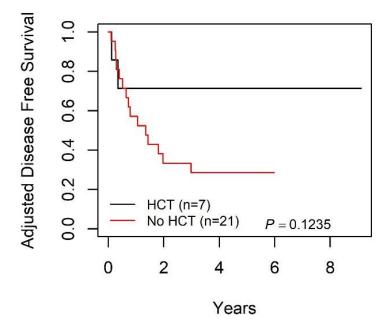


Figure S3





В

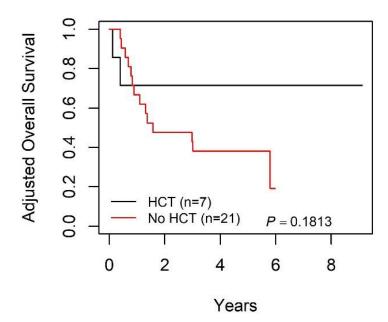
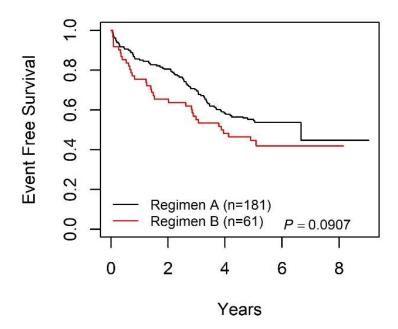


Figure S4





В

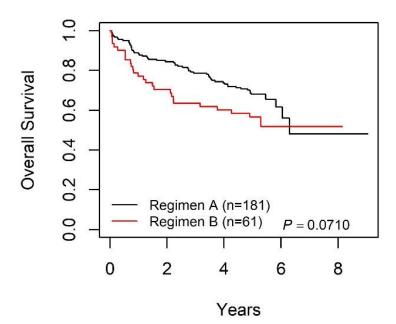


Table S1 – Chemotherapy Details

INDUCTION 1:									
PRED	Week	1 X	2	3		4		5	
VCR		X	X	X		X		•	
PEG-ASP		X	X	X		X			
DOXO IT ARAC/IT MTX		$egin{array}{c} X \ X^{ m AraC} \end{array}$		X				X	
(ITT)*		(X)*	(X)*	(X)*		(X)*		(X)*	
Weeks 1-5:		Prednisone – 40 mg/m²/day PO divided TID x 28 days Vincristine – 1.5 mg/m² (max 2 mg) vs. 2 mg/m² (max 2.5 mg) IV Pegaspargase – 2500 units/m² IM Doxorubicin – 60 mg/m² IV Intrathecal ARAC – (dose by age) for CNS-negative ONLY on Day 1 only Intrathecal Methotrexate – (dose by age) for CNS-negative ONLY on Days 15, 29 *Intrathecal Triples (MTX/HC/ARAC) for CNS-positive ONLY Days 1, 8, 15, 22, 29							
INDUCTION 2:	*(CNS-]	positive patients re	eceive INDUCTIO	N 3 before I	NDUCT	TON 2)			
CPM ETOP G-CSF	Week	6 XXXXX XXXXX	7	8		9		10	
HD MTX/LEUC						X			
IT MTX (ITT)* ^Testicular XRT		X (^X)				X			
Weeks 6-10:		Etoposide – 100 r GCSF – 5 mcg/kg Methotrexate – 5 Leucovorin – 15 Intrathecal MTX	de – 440 mg/m²/day mg/m²/day IV x 5 cg/day SubQ/IV. dai grams/m² IV over mg/m² IV/PO q6 h: – dose by age *(IT) ose with Persistent I	lays ly 24 hours rs x min. 3 do T for CNS-po	oses starti	nly)		l prior to I	HDMTX
INDUCTION 3:	*(CNS-]	positive patients r	eceive INDUCTIO	N 3 before I	NDUCT	TON 2)			
HD ARAC	Week	11	12	13		14		15	
L-ASP		XXXX X	XXXX X						
G-CSF			X						
Weeks 11-15:		Cytarabine – 3000 mg/m ² IV q12 hrs x 4 doses <i>E. coli</i> asparaginase – 6000 International units/m ² IM GCSF – 5 mcg/kg SubQ/IV daily							
INTENSIFICATION	ON 1:		ut a matched fami	ly donor for	SCT)				
Wee 26	ek 27	16 17	18 19	20	21	22	23	24	25
HD MTX/LEUC	X		X		X			X	
MP	X		X		X			X	
VCR	X	V	X		X	v		X	V

Weeks 16-27: Methotrexate – 5 grams/m² IV over 24 hours

Х

X

ETOP

CPM

IT MTX (ITT)*

Leucovorin – 15 mg/m² IV/PO q6 hrs x min. 3 doses starting @ hr 42

X

X

X

X

X

X

X

X

Mercaptopurine - 50 mg/m² PO daily x 5 days Vincristine - 1.5 mg/m² (max 2 mg) vs. 2 mg/m² (max 2.5 mg) IV

Etoposide - 300 mg/m $^{\!2}$ IV

Cyclophosphamide – $500~\text{mg/m}^2~\text{IV}$

Χ

Intrathecal MTX – dose by age *(ITT for CNS-positive)

REINDUCTION			20		20		21		22		
Week DEX	28 XXXXX	/vv	29		30 XXXX	vvv	31		32		
VCR	X	мл	X		X	ΛΛΛ					
PEG-ASP	X		21		X						
DOXO	X		X		X						
IT MTX (ITT)*	X						X				
				2							
Weeks 28-32	Dexamethasone – 10 mg/m²/day PO divided BID days 1-7,15-21 (all ages) Vincristine – 1.5 mg/m² (max 2 mg) vs. 2 mg/m² (max 2.5 mg) IV Pegaspargase - 2500 International units/m² IM Doxorubicin - 25 mg/m² IV Intrathecal MTX – dose by age *(ITT for CNS-positive)										
INTENSIFICAT	ION 2:	(6-wee	k cycle re	peated 4	times = 24	4 weeks)					
Week	33	34	35	36	37	38	· 51	52	53	54	55
56											
HD ARAC	XXXX						XXXX				
PEG-ASP	X							X			
G-CSF	71	х						х			
HD MTX/LEUC		Α.		X				<i>n</i> .		X	
MP				X (S)						X (S)	
VCR				X	X					X	X
ETOP				Λ	X					Λ	X
CPM					X						X
IT MTX (ITT)*					Λ	X					Λ
11 MIA (111)*						Λ					
	Pegasp GCSF - Methot Leucov Mercap Vincris Etopos Cyclop	argase - 5 mcg/k rexate - 5 orin - 15 topurine stine - 1.5 ide - 30 hosphami	2500 Ing/day Subgrams/m² IVe - 50 mg/m² (no mg/m² (no mg/m² (de - 500 mg/m² (d	g/m ² PO d max 2 mg IV O mg/m ² I	onal uni y 24 hours s x min. 3 laily x 5) vs. 2 mg	doses star	2.5 mg) I				
M A INTERNATION	₽.	(10	al- aala		4	50 1)					
MAINTENANC Week	<u>57</u>	58	ек сусіе і 59	repeated : 60	61	50 weeks) 62	63	64	65	66	106
DEX	X			00	Ü.	~~	00	٠.	00		100
MP											
MTX	X^*	X	X	X	X	X					
(*CNS+ only)											
IT MTX!	Χ!										
VCR							X	X	X	X	
CPM							X	X	X	X	
CNS XRT*	X*										
Weeks 57-106: Dexamethasone – 10 mg/m²/day PO divided BID x 5 days Vincristine – 1.5 mg/m² (max 2 mg) vs. 2 mg/m² (max 2.5 mg) IV Cyclophosphamide – 300 mg/m² IV Mercaptopurine – 75 mg/m² PO nightly Methotrexate – 40 mg/m² PO qWk except on weeks of IT MTX *(give for CNS-pos) ! CNS-negative only: Intrathecal MTX – dose by age q10 weeks * CNS-positive only: Cranial Radiation – 1800 cGy at beginning of Maintenance Cycle 1 Table S2 – Deaths due to toxicity											
Table 32 — Deaths due to toxicity											

Stratum	Phase of	Reported etiology / inciting organism
	Therapy	
BM	Induction-1	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)
Combined BM/CNS	Induction-3	Clostridium septicum + Staphylococcus aureus
BM	Induction-1	E.coli + Candida species (pneumonia / sepsis)
CNS	Intensification-2	Pseudomonas aeruginosa
BM	Induction-3	Rhizopus species
ВМ	Induction-1	MRSA + Candida Tropocalis
BM	Intensification-2	Influenza A (H1N1) + Aspergillus
BM	Induction-1	Candida albicans
BM	Induction-3	Candida tropicalis
ВМ	Induction-1	Klebsiella oxytoca + Streptococcus species + Pseudomonas aeruginosa
ВМ	Induction-1	Unknown organism (Pansinusitis / periorbital cellulitis / cavernous sinus thrombosis / internal carotid artery occlusion / multiple cerebral septic infarcts / otitis media)
BM	Intensification-2	Escherichia coli
BM	Intensification-2	Unknown organism (Multi-organ failure / sepsis)
Combined BM/CNS	Induction-1	Rhizopus species (mucormycosis)
Combined BM/CNS	Induction-1	Streptococcus mitis + Aspergillus species
ВМ	Intensification-2	Pseudomonas species (perirectal abscess / sepsis)
BM	Intensification-2	Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Combined BM/CNS	Induction-1	Methicllin Resistant Staphlococcus Aureus

BM: Bone Marrow

CNS: Central Nervous System