The prevalence of extramedullary acute myeloid leukemia detected by ¹⁸FDG-PET/CT: final results from the prospective PETAML trial

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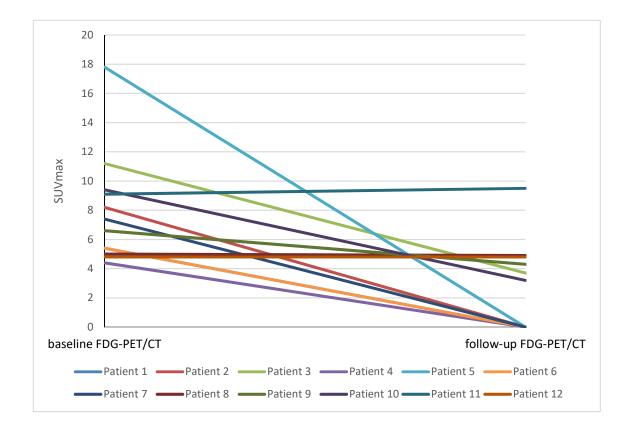
Supplemental Table 1. Patients undergoing biopsy for diagnosis of EM AML in both cohorts of the PETAML trial.

PETAML PATIENT COHORT		
n = 93	Baseline ¹⁸ FDG-PET/CT positive (n = 21)	Baseline ¹⁸ FDG-PET/CT negative (n=72)
No. of patients undergoing biopsy after baseline 18FDG-PET/CT	12	3
No. of patients with confirmed EM AML in biopsy	10	3
No. of patients with different tumor (other than EM AML) in biopsy	2	0

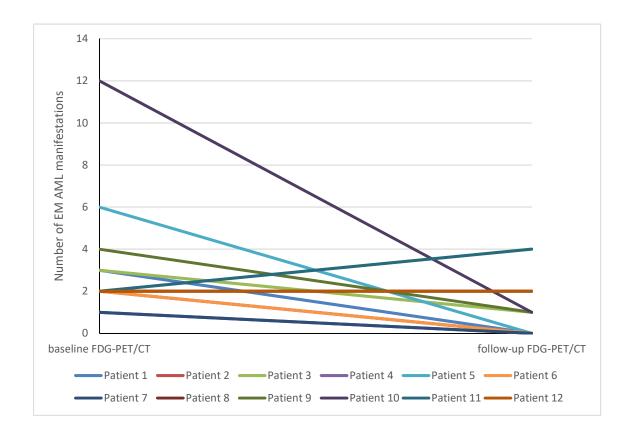
Supplementary Table S2. Patients undergoing biopsy for diagnosis of EM AML in both cohorts of the PETAML trial.

PETAML PATIENT COHORT			
n = 93	Baseline ¹⁸ FDG-PET/CT positive (n = 21)	Baseline ¹⁸ FDG-PET/CT negative (n=72)	
No. of patients undergoing biopsy after baseline 18FDG-PET/CT	12	3	
No. of patients with confirmed EM AML in biopsy	10	3	
No. of patients with different tumor (other than EM AML) in biopsy	2	0	

Supplemental Figure 1A.



Supplemental Figure 1B.



Supplemental Figure 1A

Metabolic activity (SUVmax) of extramedullary AML in patients with EM AML at baseline (and confirmed EM AML as per biopsy) and at follow-up ¹⁸FDG-PET/CT. Note: Patient 1 and patient 6 have the same SUVmax for both time points which is the reason for exact superimposition of diagrams. Patients number 3, 9, 10, and 12 represent those patients who remained ¹⁸FDG-PET/CT positive but achieved a CR in their bone marrow at the same time, respectively.

Supplemental Figure 1B

Number of extramedullary AML manifestations in patients with EM AML at baseline (and confirmed EM AML as per biopsy) and at follow-up ¹⁸FDG-PET/CT. Note: three patients pairs have the same number of extramedullary AML manifestations for both time points which is the reason for exact superimposition of diagrams. Patients number 3, 9, 10, and 12 represent those patients who remained ¹⁸FDG-PET/CT positive but achieved a CR in their bone marrow at the same time, respectively.