Factor VIII cross-matches to the human proteome reduce the predicted inhibitor risk in missense mutation hemophilia A

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Supplemental Information

Supplemental Table S1. Breakdown of calculations required to identify novel peptide-MHC surfaces.

Description	Count	Calculation	Total				
Step 1: calculations required for a single residue							
15-mers spanning residue	15		15				
Positions 15-mer can bind to MHC	7	15 ×					
HLA alleles	25	105 × 2	5 2,625				
Step 2: calculations required for endogenous FVIII (using total from step 1)							
Reported F8 missense mutations	956	2,625 × 95	6 2,509,500				
Step 3: calculations required for tFVIII (using total from step 1)							
Locations associated with F8	605	2,625 × 60	5 1,588,125				
mutations		_,	.,,,,,,,				
Step 4: summation							
Sum totals from step 2 and step 3		2,509,500 + 1,588,12	5 4,097,625				
			, ,				
Step 5: proteome scanning							
Two different types of calculation are required: a) matching 9-mer cores of risk-associated peptides							
(from step 4) to proteome 9-mers (see Figure 4A); and b) calculating the MHC binding cores and							
binding strengths of matched peptides (see Figure 4B). We do not keep track of the exact number							
of calculations performed, so here we estimate the lower bounds.							
a) Proteome matching:	× 40 400						
Risk-associated peptides	≫12,189	40 400 44 070 50	0 407 400 500 070				
Non-identical proteome 9-mers	11,272,502	12,189 × 11,272,50	2 137,400,526,878				
b) MHC binding: F8 mutation/HLA allele combinations	4,302						
with reduced risk after scanning	4,302						
Rough estimate of ratio of non-	10	4,302 × 1	0 43,020				
binders to binders	10	4,502 X I	0 45,020				
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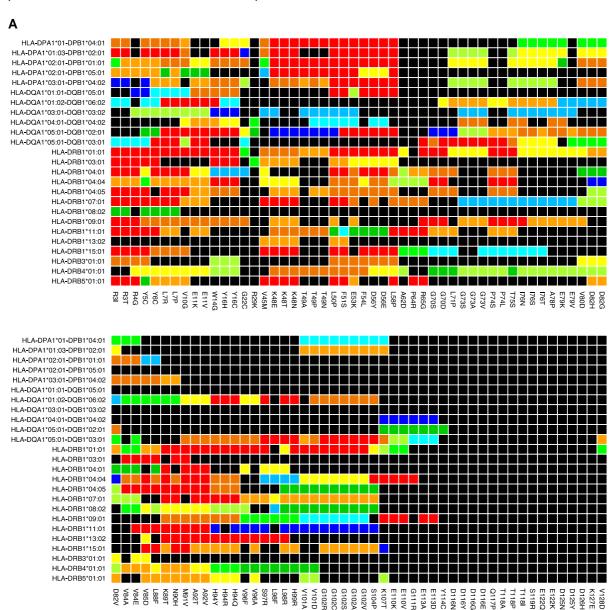
Note that the number of calculations at step 2 is higher than the number at step 3 because a single location may be associated with more than one reported missense mutation, e.g. K48E, K48T and K48N.

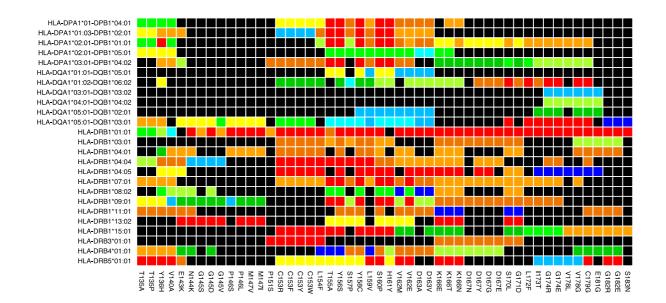
Supplemental Table S2. Percentage of risk-associated F8 missense mutations for different HLA alleles, before and after proteome scanning

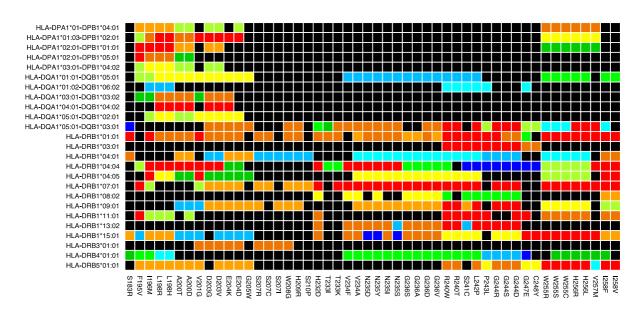
HLA allele	risk (%) with 1000 nM threshold		risk (%) with 500 nM threshold	
	before	after	before	after
DRB1*01:01	86	48	78	41
DRB1*03:01	34	25	24	16
DRB1*04:01	62	38	47	25
DRB1*04:04	66	38	53	26
DRB1*04:05	60	35	49	28
DRB1*07:01	70	46	60	39
DRB1*08:02	36	23	16	10
DRB1*09:01	66	41	50	25
DRB1*11:01	58	37	43	24
DRB1*13:02	34	25	26	16
DRB1*15:01	64	36	49	25
DRB3*01:01	35	25	24	17
DRB4*01:01	60	33	39	16
DRB5*01:01	58	40	48	31
DPA1*01-DPB1*04:01	41	27	33	23
DPA1*01:03-DPB1*02:01	46	29	36	21
DPA1*02:01-DPB1*01:01	59	34	47	25
DPA1*02:01-DPB1*05:01	30	18	17	8
DPA1*03:01-DPB1*04:02	52	33	41	22
DQA1*01:01-DQB1*05:01	27	21	19	15
DQA1*01:02-DQB1*06:02	54	34	36	20
DQA1*03:01-DQB1*03:02	21	15	10	6
DQA1*04:01-DQB1*04:02	21	13	11	6
DQA1*05:01-DQB1*02:01	36	18	24	12
DQA1*05:01-DQB1*03:01	58	32	40	20

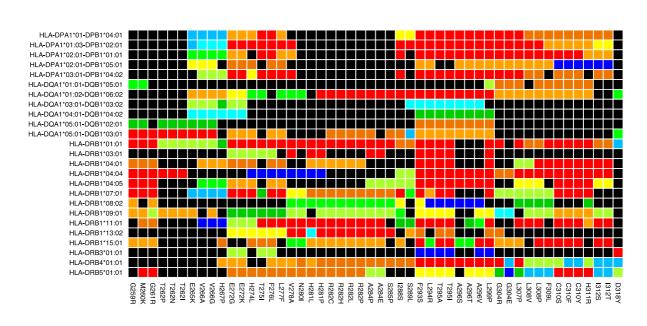
Supplemental Figure S1. MHC-binding strengths of *F8* peptides predicted to form novel pMHC surfaces with and without proteome scanning.

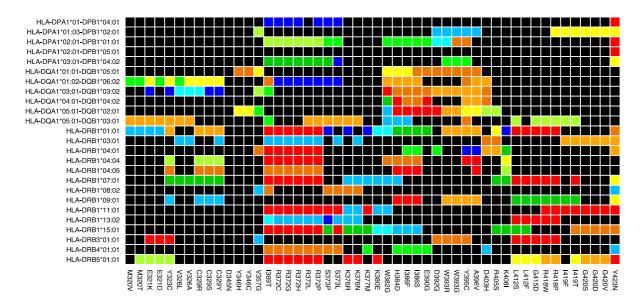
Heatmap showing the predicted occurrence of novel pMHC surfaces and binding strengths for 25 HLA-DR/DP/DQ alleles (*y* axis) covering the complete set of missense mutations in the Factor VIII Gene (F8) Variant Database (*x* axis). Black and grey squares indicate *F8* missense mutation/HLA allele combinations that are not predicted to form a novel pMHC surface. Otherwise the temperature color scale indicates the predicted binding strength of the strongest binding peptide with a novel pMHC surface for each remaining *F8* missense mutation/HLA allele combination. (A) MHC-binding strengths of *F8* peptides predicted to form novel pMHC surfaces without proteome scanning. (B) MHC-binding strengths of *F8* peptides predicted to form novel pMHC surfaces with proteome scanning. Grey squares indicate *F8* missense mutation/HLA allele combinations that are no longer predicted to form a novel pMHC surface after cross-matches to the proteome are taken into account.

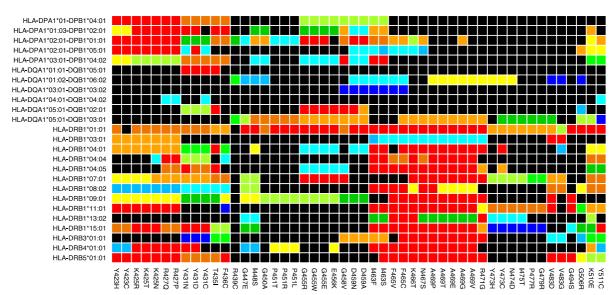


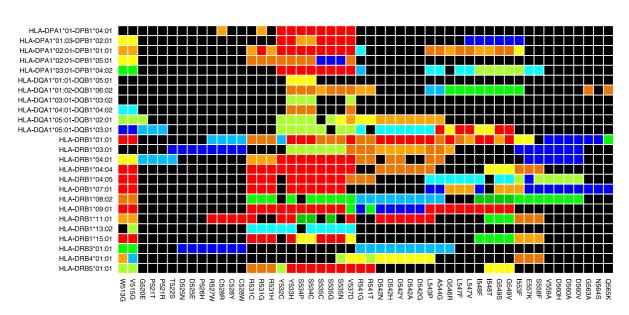


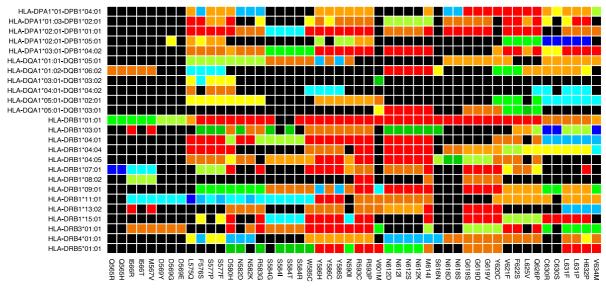


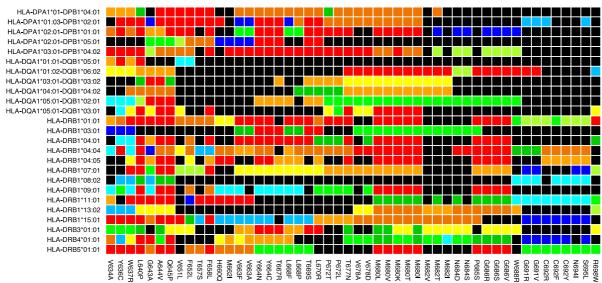


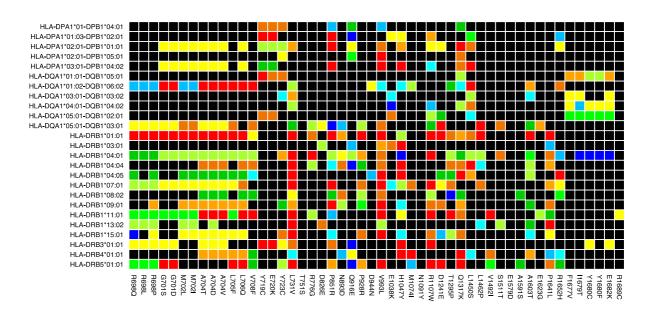


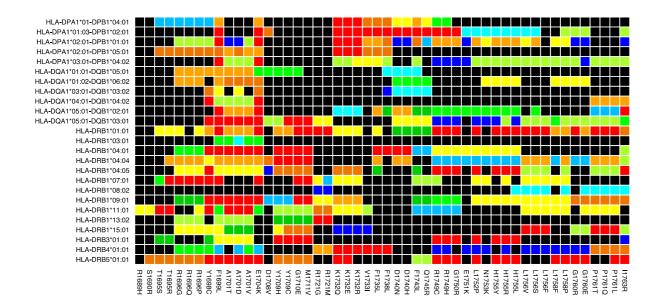


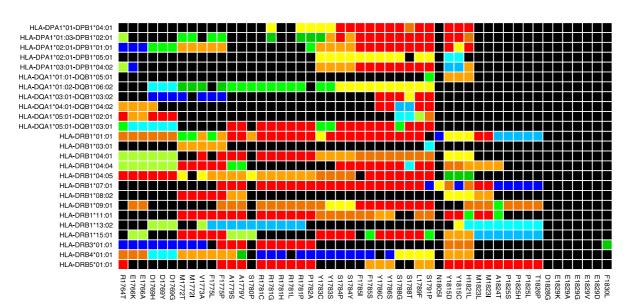


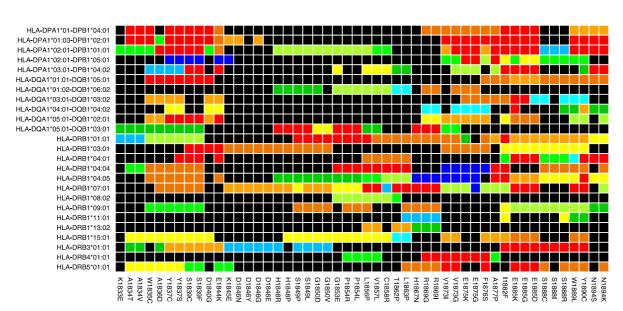


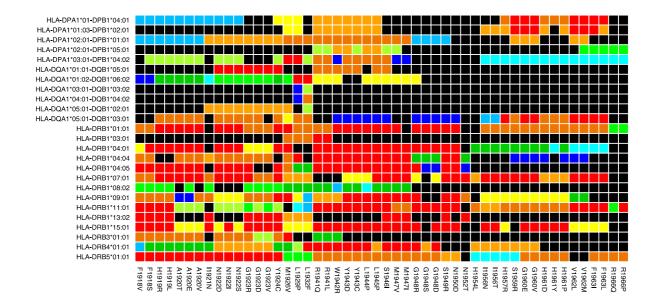


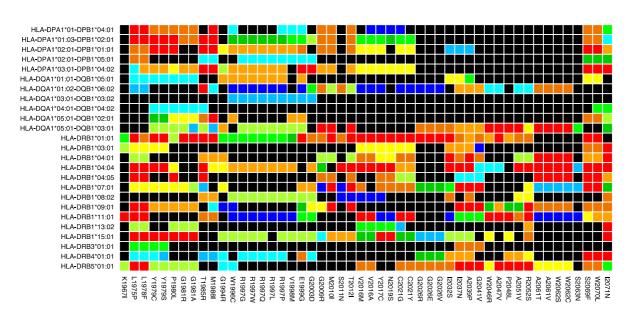


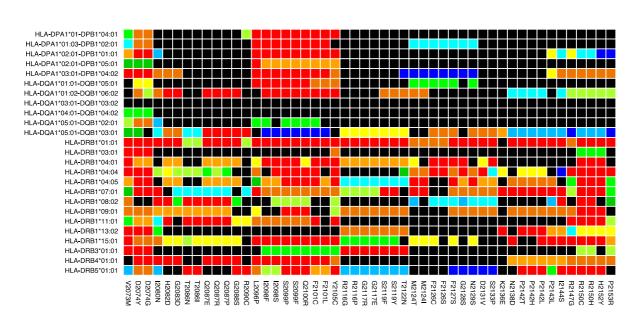


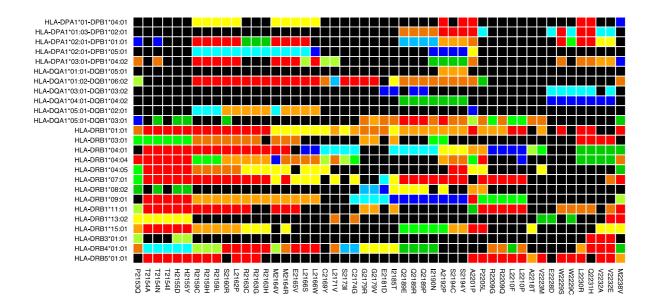


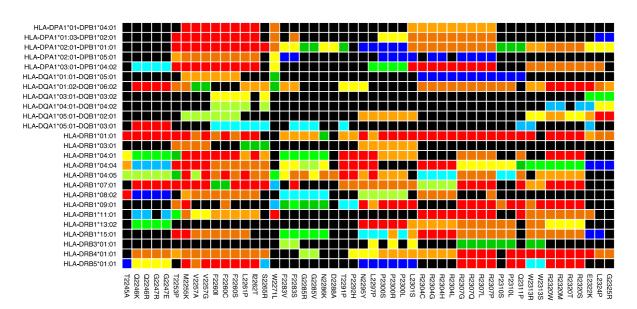


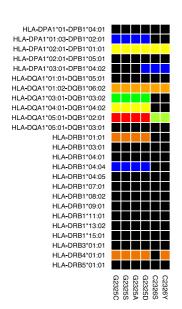












Threshold (nmol/L)

> 1000

≤ 1000

≤ 900

≤ 800

≤ 700

≤ 600

≤ 500

≤ 400

≤ 300

≤ 200

≤ 100



