SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX

Treatment optimization for multiple myeloma: schedule-dependent synergistic cytotoxicity of pomalidomide and carfilzomib in *in vitro* and *ex vivo* models

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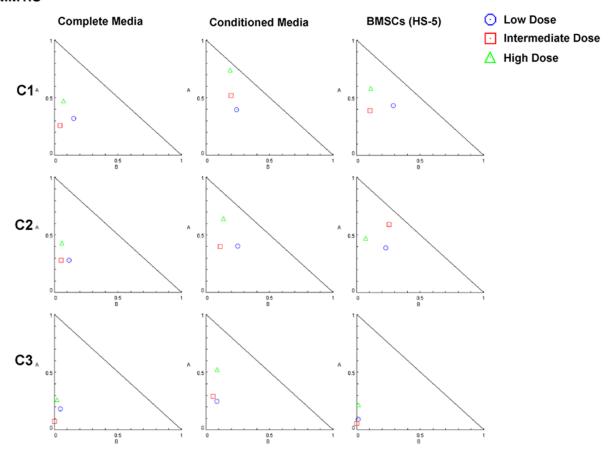
IC ₅₀ μM	CAR	POM
MM1.S (24h)	0,00626	10,19470
MM1.S (48h)	0,00404	5,77992
RPMI-R5 (24h)	0,020298	25,98430
RPMI-R5 (48h)	0,104180	15,99215

IC ₅₀ μM	BOR	LEN
MM1.S (24h)	0,00718	13,00070
MM1.S (48h)	0,00572	8,35488
RPMI-R5 (24h)	0,03049	34,13540
RPMI-R5 (48h)	0,01639	19,06771

IC ₅₀ μM	CAR	POM
U266 (24h)	0,01034	17,05520
U266 (48h)	0,06362	8,97320
NCI-H929 (24h)	0,00915	10,06819
NCI-H9292 (48h)	0,00552	5,95379
KMS12.BM (24h)	0,01225	10,99550
KMS12.BM (48h)	0,00881	6,92362
OPM-2 (24h)	0,01175	11,56482
OPM-2 (48h)	0,00517	6,92362

Table S1. IC₅₀ is the concentration of a drug that gives half-maximal response.





Supplementary S1. MM1.S isobolograms. Isobologram analysis of cytotoxic interaction of CAR and POM under stromal free conditions and in co-culture with HS-5 cells. Cell proliferation was measured by MTT assays and expressed as a percentage of the corresponding untreated cells. Dose response curves of each combination were generated to make non-constant normalized isobolograms. The isobolograms shown are representative of one experiment. Low dose-*blue circle*, intermediate dose-*red square*, high dose-*green triangle*.

Combination Index assessment. The mode of interaction between PIs and IMiDs could be analyzed by the Chou and Talalay method (*Chou TC. Cancer research. 2010 Jan 15;70(2):440-6*). In order to assess whether the interactions between PIs and IMiDs were synergistic, additive, or antagonistic, combination indexes (CIs) were calculated using CompuSyn software according to the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, to generate isobolograms, we first obtained the dose-response curves of PIs and IMiDs in combination under each culture condition. Then, we generated nonconstant normalized isobolograms and determined the CI values at IC₅₀ using CompuSyn software (*Chou TC. Cancer research. 2010 Jan 15;70(2):440-6; Chou TC, Talalay P. Advances in enzyme regulation. 1984;22:27-55*).

MM1.S (24h)

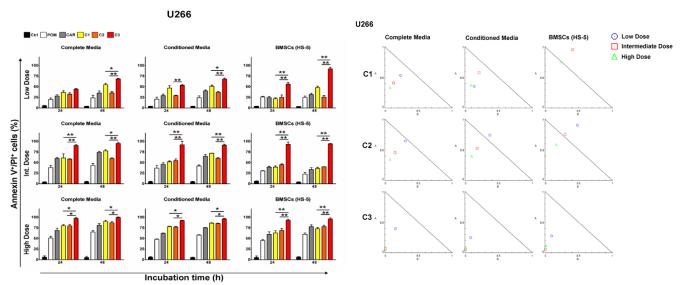
	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		aneous ure C1	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.513	0.053	0.415	0.022	0.264	0.051
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	0.659	0.030	0.647	0.033	0.139	0.048
Γ	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.753	0.039	0.682	0.039	0.362	0.039
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.348	0.060	0.382	0.068	0.089	0.016
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.739	0.030	0.865	0.021	0.073	0.024
IN.	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.543	0.066	0.581	0.098	0.289	0.083
SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.589	0.057	0.534	0.065	0.272	0.017
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.513	0.024	0.594	0.064	0.222	0.017
ЭШ	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.723	0.039	0.826	0.062	0.587	0.038

MM1.S (48h)

	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		aneous ure C1	pre-expos	AR ture (10h)	POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.476	0.090	0.404	0.064	0.078	0.002
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	0.831	0.070	0.584	0.066	0.065	0.007
	Conditioned Media	2	2	1.484	0.023	1.057	0.061	0.475	0.035
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.424	0.065	0.400	0.071	0.095	0.007
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.751	0.069	0.886	0.020	0.077	0.004
IN:	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.685	0.064	0.654	0.064	0.373	0.047
SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.745	0.064	0.572	0.068	0.287	0.021
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.981	0.002	0.953	0.039	0.135	0.095
9111	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.866	0.076	0.963	0.053	0.517	0.024

Table S2. Combination index (CI) and standard deviations (SD) for various MM *in vitro* models exposed to CAR and POM in three differing schedules: simultaneous exposure to CAR and POM (C1), CAR 10h prior to POM (C2) and POM 10h prior CAR (C3). Three different dosages of CAR

and POM were used: low dose (2 nM and 2 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively), intermediate dose (4 nM and 4 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively) and high dose (8 nM and 8 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively). All experiments were performed twice in triplicate measurements. CI calculated using CompuSyn software. CI<1 synergistic interaction, CI=1 additive interaction and CI>1 antagonistic interaction (*Chou TC*, *Talalay P. Quantitative analysis of dose-effect relationships: the combined effects of multiple drugs or enzyme inhibitors. Advances in enzyme regulation. 1984;22:27-55).*



Supplementary S2. (A) Apoptotic rate on U266 cell line. Early and late apoptotic events on U266 cells upon exposure to either CAR or POM using as single agent or in combination for up to 48h were measured by flow cytometry. Values shown in histograms are mean ± SD of two independent experiments. * p<0.05 and ** p<0.01. Control-black bars, Pomalidomide-white bars, Carfilzomibgrey bars, C1-yellow bars, C2-orange bars, C3-red bars. (B) U266 isobolograms. Isobologram analysis of cytotoxic interaction of CAR and POM under stromal free conditions and in co-culture with HS-5 cells. Cell proliferation was measured by MTT assays and expressed as a percentage of the corresponding untreated cells. Dose response curves of each combination were generated to make non-constant normalized isobolograms. The isobolograms shown are representative of one experiment. Low dose-blue circle, intermediate dose-red square, high dose-green triangle.

U266 (24h)

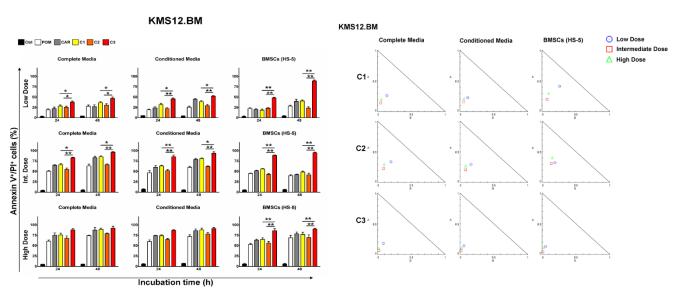
	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		taneous ure C1	pre-expo	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		OM sure (10h) 33
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.822	0.068	0.977	0.033	0.502	0.074
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	1.806	0.132	1.394	0.008	0.348	0.017
)1	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.543	0.066	1.156	0.063	0.378	0.003
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.591	0.069	0.654	0.065	0.089	0.001
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	1.382	0.026	1.128	0.101	0.066	0.006
Z	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.832	0.054	0.753	0.066	0.075	0.006
SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.476	0.090	0.472	0.068	0.048	0.003
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.996	0.005	0.756	0.005	0.102	0.003
HIG	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.513	0.066	0.537	0.060	0.121	0.029

U266 (48h)

	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (μM)		aneous ure C1	pre-expos	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		OM oure (10h) 3
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.872	0.068	1.658	0.081	0.438	0.068
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	1.076	0.034	2.468	0.379	0.113	0.005
<u> </u>	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.957	0.032	1.452	0.214	0.441	0.071
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.681	0.055	1.330	0.042	0.136	0.022
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	3.258	0.081	2.608	0.295	0.154	0.041
Z	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.905	0.105	1.270	0.098	0.236	0.037
OSE	Complete Media	8	8	0.623	0.066	0.803	0.094	0.046	0.006
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.970	0.015	1.168	0.045	0.364	0.077
ЭШ	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.831	0.056	0.913	0.094	0.235	0.035

Table S3. Combination index (CI) and standard deviations (SD) for various MM *in vitro* models exposed to CAR and POM in three differing schedules: simultaneous exposure to CAR and POM (C1), CAR 10h prior to POM (C2) and POM 10h prior CAR (C3). Three different dosages of CAR and POM were used: low dose (2 nM and 2 μM for CAR and POM, respectively), intermediate dose

(4 nM and 4 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively) and high dose (8 nM and 8 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively). All experiments were performed twice in triplicate measurements. CI calculated using CompuSyn software. CI<1 synergistic interaction, CI=1 additive interaction and CI>1 antagonistic interaction (*Chou TC*, *Talalay P. Quantitative analysis of dose-effect relationships: the combined effects of multiple drugs or enzyme inhibitors. Advances in enzyme regulation. 1984;22:27-55).*



Supplementary S3. (A) Apoptotic rate on KMS12.BM cell line. Early and late apoptotic events on KMS12.BM cells upon exposure to either CAR or POM using as single agent or in combination for up to 48h were measured by flow cytometry. Values shown in histograms are mean ± SD of two independent experiments. * p<0.05 and ** p<0.01. Control-black bars, Pomalidomide-white bars, Carfilzomib-grey bars, C1-yellow bars, C2-orange bars, C3-red bars. (B) KMS12.BM isobolograms. Isobologram analysis of cytotoxic interaction of CAR and POM under stromal free conditions and in co-culture with HS-5 cells. Cell proliferation was measured by MTT assays and expressed as a percentage of the corresponding untreated cells. Dose response curves of each combination were generated to make non-constant normalized isobolograms. The isobolograms shown are representative of one experiment. Low dose-blue circle, intermediate dose-red square, high dose-green triangle.

KMS12.BM (24h)

	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		aneous ure C1	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.451	0.069	0.510	0.070	0.250	0.029
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	0.718	0.060	0.561	0.069	0.153	0.047
	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.398	0.073	0.590	0.071	0.217	0.018
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.201	0.013	0.340	0.070	0.088	0.003
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.330	0.071	0.493	0.067	0.063	0.009
	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.218	0.003	0.371	0.069	0.082	0.011
SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.302	0.068	0.404	0.065	0.122	0.001
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.450	0.070	0.603	0.067	0.170	0.042
HIG	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.323	0.067	0.450	0.070	0.166	0.048

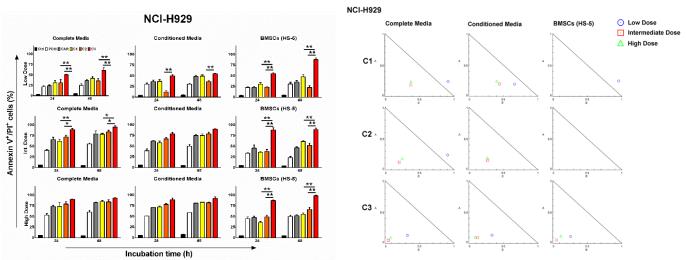
KMS12.BM (48h)

	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		aneous ure C1	pre-expos	AR sure (10h)	POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.511	0.070	0.621	0.069	0.374	0.065
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	0.451	0.069	0.811	0.070	0.059	0.002
	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.474	0.065	0.651	0.069	0.194	0.119
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.178	0.045	0.392	0.068	0.046	0.005
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.664	0.065	0.784	0.022	0.042	0.018
Z	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.243	0.080	0.451	0.070	0.053	0.019
SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.271	0.069	0.461	0.069	0.139	0.041
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.450	0.070	0.664	0.066	0.168	0.054
) HIIG	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.291	0.069	0.481	0.069	0.169	0.027

Table S4. Combination index (CI) and standard deviations (SD) for various MM in vitro models exposed to CAR and POM in three differing schedules: simultaneous exposure to CAR and POM

(C1), CAR 10h prior to POM (C2) and POM 10h prior CAR (C3). Three different dosages of CAR and POM were used: low dose (2 nM and 2 µM for CAR and POM, respectively), intermediate dose (4 nM and 4 µM for CAR and POM, respectively) and high dose (8 nM and 8 µM for CAR and POM, respectively). All experiments were performed twice in triplicate measurements. CI calculated using CompuSyn software. CI<1 synergistic interaction, CI=1 additive interaction and CI>1 antagonistic interaction (*Chou TC*, *Talalay P. Quantitative analysis of dose-effect relationships: the combined effects of multiple drugs or enzyme inhibitors. Advances in enzyme regulation. 1984;22:27-55).*





Supplementary S4. (A) **Apoptotic rate on NCI-H929 cell line.** Early and late apoptotic events on NCI-H929 cells upon exposure to either CAR or POM using as single agent or in combination for up to 48h were measured by flow cytometry. Values shown in histograms are mean ± SD of two independent experiments. * p<0.05 and ** p<0.01. Control-black bars, Pomalidomide-white bars, Carfilzomib-grey bars, C1-yellow bars, C2-orange bars, C3-red bars. (B) NCI-H929 isobolograms. Isobologram analysis of cytotoxic interaction of CAR and POM under stromal free conditions and in co-culture with HS-5 cells. Cell proliferation was measured by MTT assays and expressed as a percentage of the corresponding untreated cells. Dose response curves of each combination were generated to make non-constant normalized isobolograms. The isobolograms shown are representative of one experiment. Low dose-blue circle, intermediate dose-red square, high dose-green triangle.

NCI.H929 (24h)

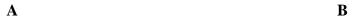
	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (μM)		aneous ure C1	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	1.137	0.024	1.174	0.037	0.476	0.034
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	1.251	0.069	1.906	0.133	0.385	0.021
	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.882	0.025	4.398	0.591	0.484	0.023
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.603	0.066	0.393	0.081	0.099	0.001
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	1.860	0.057	1.720	0.114	0.154	0.065
	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.694	0.065	0.482	0.083	0.224	0.009
)SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.664	0.068	0.487	0.074	0.188	0.017
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	3.488	0.266	1.924	0.062	0.218	0.025
ЭШ	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.702	0.068	0.502	0.054	0.198	0.003

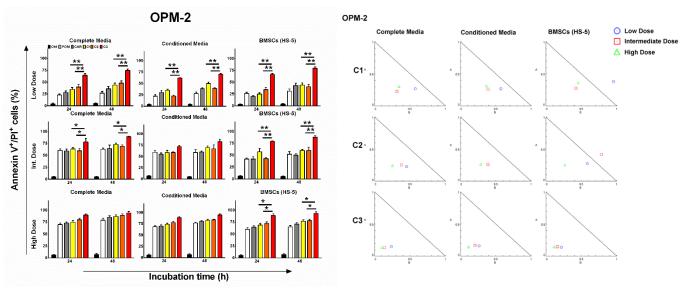
NCI.H929 (48h)

	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		aneous ure C1	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.858	0.060	1.159	0.057	0.284	0.076
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	0.673	0.067	2.286	0.264	0.047	0.025
	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.634	0.065	1.097	0.004	0.426	0.037
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.321	0.069	0.211	0.028	0.056	0.005
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.722	0.068	1.061	0.055	0.114	0.006
IN	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.381	0.070	0.295	0.049	0.108	0.003
SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.386	0.062	0.414	0.065	0.122	0.031
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	1.641	0.199	1.076	0.035	0.036	0.005
9IH	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.443	0.066	0.473	0.066	0.138	0.040

Table S5. Combination index (CI) and standard deviations (SD) for various MM in vitro models exposed to CAR and POM in three differing schedules: simultaneous exposure to CAR and POM

(C1), CAR 10h prior to POM (C2) and POM 10h prior CAR (C3). Three different dosages of CAR and POM were used: low dose (2 nM and 2 μM for CAR and POM, respectively), intermediate dose (4 nM and 4 μM for CAR and POM, respectively) and high dose (8 nM and 8 μM for CAR and POM, respectively). All experiments were performed twice in triplicate measurements. CI calculated using CompuSyn software. CI<1 synergistic interaction, CI=1 additive interaction and CI>1 antagonistic interaction (*Chou TC*, *Talalay P. Quantitative analysis of dose-effect relationships: the combined effects of multiple drugs or enzyme inhibitors. Advances in enzyme regulation. 1984;22:27-55).*





Supplementary S5. (A) Apoptotic rate on OPM-2 cell line. Early and late apoptotic events on OPM-2 cells upon exposure to either CAR or POM using as single agent or in combination for up to 48h were measured by flow cytometry. Values shown in histograms are mean ± SD of two independent experiments. * p<0.05 and ** p<0.01. Control-black bars, Pomalidomide-white bars, Carfilzomib-grey bars, C1-yellow bars, C2-orange bars, C3-red bars. (B) OPM-2 isobolograms. Isobologram analysis of cytotoxic interaction of CAR and POM under stromal free conditions and in co-culture with HS-5 cells. Cell proliferation was measured by MTT assays and expressed as a percentage of the corresponding untreated cells. Dose response curves of each combination were generated to make non-constant normalized isobolograms. The isobolograms shown are representative of one experiment. Low dose-blue circle, intermediate dose-red square, high dose-green triangle.

OPM-2 (24h)

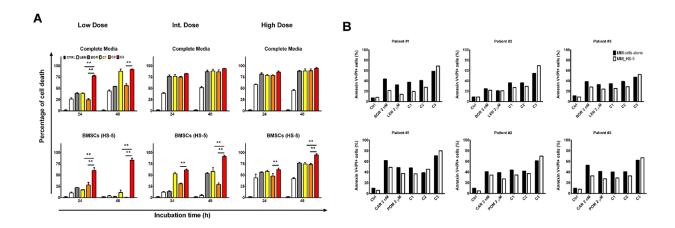
	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (µM)		aneous ure C1	CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
OSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.864	0.022	0.692	0.011	0.393	0.010
LOW DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	1.369	0.044	0.869	0.016	0.355	0.007
	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.861	0.027	1.581	0.027	0.453	0.039
SE	Complete Media	4	4	0.562	0.026	0.661	0.040	0.288	0.017
INT. DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.740	0.056	1.218	0.017	0.314	0.008
	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.673	0.024	0.675	0.035	0.387	0.018
)SE	Complete Media	8	8	0.655	0.008	0.519	0.030	0.269	0.044
HIGH DOSE	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.830	0.013	0.548	0.031	0.286	0.034
ЭШ	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.701	0.027	0.578	0.031	0.286	0.034

OPM-2 (48h)

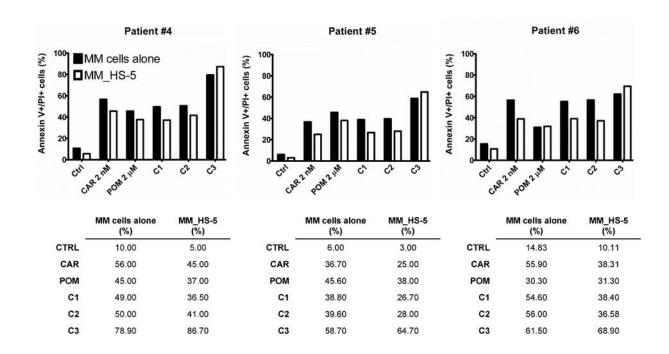
	Experimental condition	CAR (nM)	POM (μM)	Simultaneous exposure C1		CAR pre-exposure (10h) C2		POM pre-exposure (10h) C3	
-				CI	SD	CI	SD	CI	SD
LOW DOSE	Complete Media	2	2	0.794	0.108	0.661	0.070	0.272	0.059
	Co-culture with HS-5	2	2	0.744	0.037	0.870	0.057	0.139	0.027
	Conditioned Media	2	2	0.609	0.059	0.932	0.068	0.299	0.098
INT. DOSE	Complete Media	4	4	0.391	0.070	0.561	0.069	0.144	0.034
	Co-culture with HS-5	4	4	0.802	0.067	0.804	0.065	0.146	0.051
	Conditioned Media	4	4	0.543	0.066	0.613	0.067	0.234	0.034
HIGH DOSE	Complete Media	8	8	0.442	0.068	0.383	0.067	0.152	0.060
	Co-culture with HS-5	8	8	0.694	0.066	0.694	0.066	0.216	0.009
	Conditioned Media	8	8	0.563	0.067	0.517	0.046	0.138	0.040

Table S6. Combination index (CI) and standard deviations (SD) for various MM in vitro models exposed to CAR and POM in three differing schedules: simultaneous exposure to CAR and POM (C1), CAR 10h prior to POM (C2) and POM 10h prior CAR (C3). Three different dosages of CAR

and POM were used: low dose (2 nM and 2 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively), intermediate dose (4 nM and 4 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively) and high dose (8 nM and 8 μ M for CAR and POM, respectively). All experiments were performed twice in triplicate measurements. CI calculated using CompuSyn software. CI<1 synergistic interaction, CI=1 additive interaction and CI>1 antagonistic interaction (*Chou TC*, *Talalay P. Quantitative analysis of dose-effect relationships: the combined effects of multiple drugs or enzyme inhibitors. Advances in enzyme regulation. 1984;22:27-55).*



Supplementary S6. (A) MTT assay of response of MM1.S to BOR and LEN combo. Three different drug concentrations were used for each agent: *low dose* (BOR 2nM and LEN 2 μM, respectively), *intermediate dose* (BOR 4 nM and LEN 4 μM, respectively) and *high dose* (BOR 8 nM and LEN 8 μM, respectively). Cells were treated with or without BMSCs. Control-*black bars*, Lenalidomide-*white bars*, Bortezomib-*grey bars*, C1-*yellow bars*, C2-*orange bars*, C3-*red bars*. Values shown in histograms are mean ± SD of two independent experiments. ** p<0.01. (B) Flow cytometry analysis of CD138+ cells derived from newly diagnosis MM patients. Three MM patients were treated in the presence or absence of HS-5 cells with low dosage of PIs and IMiDs as previously described (BOR/CAR 2nM and LEN/POM 2 μM, respectively). Flow cytometry analysis showed a higher apoptotic rate when cells were treated with IMiDs prior to PIs in all patients tested. This effect was more pronounce in the presence of BMSCs. MM cells alone-*black bars*, MM cells co-coltured with HS-5-*white bars*.



Supplementary S7. Flow cytometry analysis of CD138+ cells derived from newly diagnosis MM patients. Additional three MM patients were treated in the presence or absence of HS-5 cells with low dosage of CAR and POM as previously described (CAR 2nM and POM 2 μ M, respectively). Flow cytometry analysis showed a higher apoptotic rate when cells were treated with POM prior to CAR in all patients tested. This effect was more pronounce in the presence of BMSCs. MM cells alone-black bars, MM cells co-coltured with HS-5-white bars.