

Critical role of SHP2 (PTPN11) signaling in germinal center-derived lymphoma

Xin Jiang,¹ Honggang Guo,¹ Jianguo Wu,¹ Qiang He,² Yiqiao Li,² Miao Wang,³ Hongyang Pan,⁴ Wande Li,⁵ Jinjie Wang,¹ Qingqing Wang,⁶ Jing Shen,¹ Yuehai Ke,¹ and Ren Zhou^{1*}

¹Department of Pathology and Pathophysiology, Zhejiang University School of Medicine, Hangzhou, China; ²Department of Nephrology, Zhejiang Province People's Hospital, Hangzhou, China; ³Department of Pathology, Basic Medical College, Capital Medical University, Beijing, China; ⁴Central Laboratory, Epitomics (Hangzhou) Biotech Co. Ltd, Hangzhou, Zhejiang, China; ⁵Department of Biochemistry, Boston University School of Medicine, MA, USA; and ⁶Department of Immunology, Zhejiang University School of Medicine, Hangzhou, China

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Manuscript received on February 24, 2014. Manuscript accepted on September 2, 2014.

Correspondence: zhouden@zju.edu.cn

1 **Supplementary Methods**

2 ***Cell culture***

3 The GC lymphoma cell lines used were Raji, OCI-LY8, SU-DHL5,
4 Pfeiffer. The non-GC lymphoma cell lines used were OCI-Ly3,
5 OCI-Ly10. These cells have performed short tandem repeat (STR) DNA
6 analysis at China Center for Type Culture Collection (CCTCC). All cells
7 except OCI-LY10 were cultured in Isocove's modified essential
8 medium (IMDM), supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum. OCI-Ly10
9 was cultured in IMDM plus 20% human plasma.

10

11 ***Antibodies, chemical reagents and shRNAs***

12 The following antibodies were used: α/β -Tubulin (2148), AKT (9272),
13 Bcl6 (4242), c-Jun (9165), c-Fos (2250), CD19 (3574), cleaved
14 Caspase3(9664), cyclin D2 (2924), Cytochrome C (4272), ERK1/2
15 (4695), GAB2 (3239), GRB2 (3972), I κ B α (9242), JunB (3753), p27^{kip1}
16 (3686), p38 (8690), PCNA (2586), phospho-Ser32-I κ B α (2859),
17 phospho-Ser473-AKT (4060), phospho-Thr58/Ser62-c-Myc(9401), phos-
18 pho-Thr180/Tyr182-p38 (4511), phospho-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2 (4370),
19 phospho-Tyr416-SRC (6943), phospho-Tyr452-GAB2 (3884), phospho-
20 Tyr531-CD19 (3571), phospho-Tyr542-SHP2 (3751), phospho-Tyr705-
21 STAT3 (9145), pro-Caspase3 (9665), RAS (8955), SHP2 (3397),
22 SRC (2123) and STAT3 (4904, all from Cell Signaling Technology).

1 Other reagents included c-Myc (764), phospho-Thr58-c-Myc (135647),
2 JNK (7345), phospho-Ser63/73-c-Jun (16312), phospho-Thr183/Tyr185-
3 JNK (6254), phospho-Tyr542-SHP2 (101798, all from Santa Cruz),
4 phospho-Ser374-c-Fos (C0030-01L, USBiologicals), CD19 (HIB19,
5 302214, Bio-Legend), phospho-Tyr531-CD19 (ABIN683623, anti-
6 bodies-online), phospho-Ser389- GSK3 β (361527), GSK3 β (PK1111, all
7 from Millipore), and phospho-Ser62-c-Myc (ab11156, Abcam).

8

9 Two small hairpin RNAs (shRs) were used to target SHP2, SHP2 shR1
10 starting at the nucleotide 879 (5'-GTGACCCATGTTATGATTCGC-3'),
11 which targets the consensus coding DNA sequence (CCDS) region, and
12 SHP2 shR2 starting at the nucleotide 6060 (5'-CCACGTATATTAT
13 GTAGTCTA-3'), which targets the 3' untranslated region. CD19
14 targeting shR was started at the nucleotide 984 (5'-GTGGGCATTCTTC-
15 ATCTTCAA-3') and c-Myc targeting shR was started at the nucleotide
16 560 (5'-CTCCCGCGACGATGCCCTCA-3'). All these shRs were
17 sequence-confirmed and cloned into the pLL3.7-GFP vector (Clontech).
18 Rescue experiments were performed with pLV-YFP vector (Addgene)
19 expressing wild type SHP2, CD19 and c-Myc. BAY 11-7082, Dasatinib
20 and LY294002 were purchased from Sigma. PD0325901 and U0126 were
21 purchased from Selleck.

22

1 ***Immunohistochemistry***

2 Paraffin-embedded B-lymphoma tissues were obtained from the files of
3 the Department of Pathology of Zhejiang University School of Medicine
4 the First Affiliated Hospital and Department of Pathology, Basic Medical
5 College, Capital Medical University (Table S6) after necessary informed
6 consent and/or exemption were obtained. The cases were fully
7 anonymized and coded as per Zhejiang University School of Medicine
8 institutional review board regulations and federal provisions. All
9 B-lymphoma diagnoses were made according to the World Health
10 Organization classification system¹. Paraffin-embedded tissue sections
11 were stained with phospho-Tyr531-CD19 (1:100, antibodies-online),
12 phospho- Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2 (1:400, Cell Signaling Technology),
13 phospho-Tyr542-SHP2 (1:100, Santa Cruz). Grayscale and color images
14 were taken with an E600-Nikon Microscope (Nikon, Melville, NY), a
15 SPOT-2 CCD camera and software (Diagnostic Instruments, Sterling
16 Heights, MI), and edited for optimal color contrast with Adobe Photoshop
17 10 (San Jose, CA). Immunoreactive scores for each antibody staining
18 were quantitatively evaluated as in a double-blinded manner. The
19 percentage and intensity of staining of malignant B cells were
20 independently scored in the TMA, each using a 10-tiered scale (0-9). The
21 result of both was used as a case score and a value of 10 or greater was
22 considered positive for χ^2 calculations. The phospho-Tyr542-SHP2

1 positive cases were further divided into 2 groups: moderate = score 10-29,
2 strong = score 30 and greater (Table S7). The phospho-Tyr531-CD19
3 positive cases were divided as: moderate = score 10-39, strong = score 40
4 and above. The phospho- Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2 cases were divided as:
5 moderate = score 10-20, strong = score 21 and above.

6

7 ***Chromatin immunoprecipitation assay***

8 Chromatin immunoprecipitation (ChIP) assays were performed following
9 the protocol of EZ-ChIP kit (Upstate, Waltham, MA, USA). Raji and
10 OCI-LY8 cells were crosslinked with formaldehyde (1% final
11 concentration) and incubated for 20 min at room temperature. 4 μ g of
12 antibody for c-Myc (sc-764, Santa Cruz) was applied to precipitate
13 chromatin from 2 \times 10⁶ cells. Immunoprecipitated DNA and input samples
14 were analyzed with a SYBR Green RT-PCR kit (Applied Biosystems),
15 and percentage enrichment relative to the amount of input chromatin was
16 determined as $2^{(Ct_{input}-Ct_{Ab})}$. Primers specific for c-Myc recognized
17 E-box1 of CD19 gene were: E-box1 sense (5'-CTAGAAATCA-
18 GCCTCCAGTCAG-3') and E-box1 antisense (5'-GCAATTCAACAG-
19 CCTCTCTCCT-3'). Primers specific for c-Myc recognized E-box2 of
20 CD19 gene were: E-box2 sense (5'-AGAACCAGTCCAGCAAAG-
21 AACC-3') and E-box2 antisense (5'-AAACTCCAACCCAAG-
22 GCCTAG-3').

1 ***Luciferase activity assay***

2 The luciferase reporter plasmid pGL3 (Promega) was applied to clone the
3 reporter gene. Two portions spanning the two conserved E-boxes of
4 CD19 gene respectively were amplified using the E-box1 primers (sense:
5 5'-CGAGCTCCTAGAAATCAGCCTCCAGTCAG-3'; antisense: 5'-C-
6 CGCTCGAGGCAATTCAACAGCCTCTCTCCT-3') and the E-box2
7 primers (sense: 5'-CGAGCTCAGAACCAGTCCAGCAAAGAACC-3';
8 antisense: 5'-CCGCTCGAGAAACTCCAACCCAAGGCCTAG-3'), and
9 inserted into the SacI/XhoI site of the pGL3 vector upstream of the
10 luciferase gene to generate the vector pGL3-E-box1 or pGL3- E-box2.
11 All of the constructs were sequenced. For luciferase assays, Raji and
12 OCI-LY8 were cultured in 24-well plates respectively, and transfected
13 with 500ng pGL3-E-box1, pGL3-E-box2 or pGL3-promoter vector using
14 DMRIE-C with or without c-Myc shR. *Renilla* luciferase activity was
15 used for normalization. At 48 h after transfection, *firefly* and *Renilla*
16 luciferase activities were measured using the Dual-Luciferase Reporter
17 Assay (Promega).

18

19 ***MTT assay***

20 To monitor cell survival as a function of ERK phosphorylation, Cells in
21 96-well plates were treated with PD0325901, or U0126 for 4 days with
22 replacement of fresh medium supplemented with 1×concentration of

1 drugs every 2 days. At harvesting, cells were treated with 3-(4,5-
2 dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTT) (Sigma)
3 for 0.5-1 hour and the produced colored substrate was solubilized in
4 isopropanol and 1% hydrochloric acid. The absorbance of the colored
5 supernatant at 570-nm wavelength was measured by a spectrophotometer
6 with subtraction of background absorbance at 630-nm wavelength.

7

8 ***Quantitative Real-time PCR***

9 Total B cell RNA was prepared with the RNeasy kit (Qiagen). For
10 real-time PCR analysis, total RNA (2 µg) was converted to cDNA with
11 the SuperScript First-Strand Synthesis System (Invitrogen). Real-time
12 PCR was done in triplicate with the appropriate primers using SYBR
13 Green (Roche) and an ABI Prism 7900 Sequence Detector (Applied
14 Biosystems). GAPDH was used as loading control. All the primers were
15 designed to specifically amplify human transcripts (Table S4).

16

17

18

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. prime sequences used for real time PCR.

Gene name	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer sequence
<i>AICDA</i>	AGAACTTTCAAAGCCTGGGA	CAGAGAAGACTTGAAGGACTG
<i>BCL6</i>	AATCTTGTGGCTTTGAGGGC	CCATTTTGTCTTCACCAATGCC
<i>BPNT1</i>	CTGGGTATTGTGGAGAAG	TTCCCACTGACTGTCTTC
<i>CCND2</i>	GCTGGAGGTCTGTGAGGAAC	AGTTGCAGATGGGACTTCGG
<i>CD38</i>	AATGGATCCCGCAGTAAAAT	AGAAACTTGTCAGGTCTGTAG
<i>CDKN1B</i>	ACCTGCAACCGACGATTCTT	TTCTGAGGCCAGGCTTCTTG
<i>DNAJC10</i>	ATGTAGGATGGATGGACTGT	CCAAACGATCCTCTAGTGTG
<i>DNMT1</i>	CTGGCTAAAGTCAAATCCCT	TAGGTGAAGGTTTCAGGCTTA
<i>TCF3</i>	CGGATCACTCAAGCAATAAC	TTCTATCTTACTCTGCAGGC
<i>FGD6</i>	GCTGCTCTCAAAGAAGTATCA	CTAATAAAGGCTGACTCTCCA

<i>FOS</i>	GGGGCAAGGTGGAACAGTTA	AGTTGGTCTGTCTCCGCTTG
<i>GAPDH</i>	GTCAAGGCTGAGAACGGGAA	AAATGAGCCCCAGCCTTCTC
<i>GCET2</i>	AGCAGAACACTCAAGAGATAC	GTCAACATTCTCCTCCTGGAA
<i>HDAC7</i>	TCGTGAGCTAAAGAATGGTT	GTCTTGGTAGAAGGTTTGCT
<i>HMGNI</i>	TCCAATCCGGTTCCATC	GATCTCCTCTTGGGCTCTT
<i>ITPKB</i>	ATCATTACAGACATGGGCAC	TGATTTGCTCACTCTAGGTT
<i>JUN</i>	GCCTCCAAGTGCCGAAAAAG	TAAGCTGTGCCACCTGTTCC
<i>KATNAL1</i>	GGGAAGTGGAGGTCTCTGAA	TAGCTGGATCTCTGACTGAC
<i>LMO2</i>	ACTATCTCAGGCTTTTTGGG	GGGCCTATATCATCCCATTG
<i>LRMP</i>	GGAAACTGAAGAAAGCAGTGT	TCCAAAGCACCATCCTTTAC
<i>MAN2C1</i>	CGTAGTGCAAGAGCCCCTA	GGGACATCATCAAATAGCAC
<i>MAP4K2</i>	CACAGAGACATCAAGGGAG	TCACATAGCTCATTGTAGCC
<i>MAPK10</i>	CCTTACAGCATCCCTACATC	ACCTGTGCTGAAGGAGAA

<i>MARCKSL1</i>	GGAGAATGGCCACGTGAA	AAGGACAGGCCGCTCAAT
<i>MAST2</i>	TAGAGCTGATCCTGAAGAGT	GAGCTCCTTTTTCTGCTTTC
<i>MME</i>	CTGAGGGGTCACGATTTTAG	CCATCATCGTAGGTTGCATA
<i>MYBL1</i>	GCTGCAAACAAGAGAATACC	TCAAGTTGCACCTATTGTCA
<i>MYC</i>	TAGTGGAAAACCAGCAGC	TTTCTTCCAGATATCCTCGC
<i>NEK6</i>	CTACAACCTCAAGTCCGACA	TGACCAGTTCTCGTAACTTC
<i>PLEKHF2</i>	CGTCGGGGCTATTAGTGAAA	TTCCTGCACAACCTTAGTCAA
<i>PRPSAP2</i>	GAGGAATCAATTTTGGAGGA	AGTTTGCTGAAAACAACACC
<i>RUNDC2B</i>	AAGGAGTCAACGCAGAATG	TGTTGGTCACTTGCTTTTTTC
<i>SERPINA9</i>	AGAGCTACAACCAAGTAAGC	GGACACACAGTAGATTGGAG
<i>STAT4</i>	TGGAATTGGAGCCCAGTAAG	GGACTTGATTCCACTGAGAC
<i>STK17A</i>	GGATGGAAAAGGCACTAGAA	TCTTGTAGCAAAGGTTTCCTC
<i>TMEM123</i>	TGCCTCAGACTCCAGTAATA	TGTCACTGAACTATTGTGGG

<i>TOX</i>	TAGTCTCCCCAGGAACATAG	CTGATAGTCGGGTTGAAGAG
<i>TTC9</i>	CCATCGAGATCGACTGTTAC	AATCACGTTGGTGTCTGTT
<i>VEZT</i>	AAACAGCCGAGCTTTTACTA	GGGGGTAGTTTTTCAGCATA
<i>VPREB3</i>	CTTCCTGTCAGTTTCCCAGAC	GAATCGATCGGGGATGTCA
<i>VNN2</i>	AGAAACACCAGTTTCTCAGG	GGTGTGTGACCAAATCTGT
<i>ZNF608</i>	ATCGAAAGACTCCTGTGAAC	GAGATATGCCCCAGGATAAC

Table S2. Sequence of EMSA probes.

Name	Sequence (5'→3')
c-Myc/Max	5'-GGAAGCAGACCACGTGGTCTGCTTCC-3'
E-box1	5'-CAGGGGAAGCACATGACTAACATC-3'
E-box2	5'-GCAGGGGAAGCACTTGGCAAGGAGA-3'

Table S3. The COO status of lymphoma cell lines.

Cell line name	Lymphoma subtype	COO status	<i>MYC/IGH</i> translocation	Source
Raji	BL	GC lymphoma	+	ATCC
OCI-LY8	FL ^{2,3}	GC lymphoma	+	Ontario Cancer Institute
SU-DHL5	GCB-DLBCL	GC lymphoma	–	ATCC
Pfeiffer	GCB-DLBCL	GC lymphoma	–	ATCC
OCI-LY3	ABC-DLBCL	non-GC lymphoma	–	Ontario Cancer Institute
OCI-LY10	ABC-DLBCL	non-GC lymphoma	–	Ontario Cancer Institute

Table S4. Proportion of down-regulated proliferative signatures from ^{MYC/IGH+}GC lymphoma lines after inhibitor treatment.

Gene name	SHP2 shRs, <i>P</i> value		c-Myc shR, <i>P</i> value		CD19 shR, <i>P</i> value		PD0325901, <i>P</i> value		U0126, <i>P</i> value	
	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8
<i>AICDA</i>	0.0002	0.0122	0.0003	0.0093	0.0003	0.0092	0.0039	0.0209	0.0038	0.0236
<i>BCL6</i>	5.19E-08	0.0009	0.0016	0.0005	1.28E-06	0.0031	0.011	0.0005	0.009	0.0007
<i>BPNT1</i>	0.1072	0.3203	0.4864	0.157546	0.0681	0.2134	0.2566	0.0665	0.6193	0.2845
<i>CCND2</i>	0.0001	0.001	3.42E-05	0.0003	0.0001	0.003	8.43E-06	3.84E-05	0.0002	1.84E-05
<i>CD38</i>	0.0017	0.0181	0.0049	0.0018	0.0057	0.0095	0.0137	0.0017	0.0082	0.0048
<i>DNMT1</i>	0.0128	0.037	0.0062	0.0128	0.1212	0.0363	0.1411	0.2057	0.4355	0.5157
<i>TCF3</i>	0.0027	2.14E-05	0.0038	0.0002	0.0023	2.26E-05	0.034	0.0183	0.0007	0.0291
<i>FGD6</i>	0.0028	0.0015	0.0059	0.0021	0.0085	0.0104	0.0032	0.0009	0.0028	0.0015
<i>FOS</i>	2.43E-05	2.18E-08	0.0535	0.155	0.0001	0.0016	0.0004	2.44E-06	0.0007	2.07E-05
<i>GCET2</i>	0.0001	9.88E-06	0.0017	0.0002	0.0016	0.0018	0.0602	0.0116	0.0227	0.0068
<i>HDAC7</i>	0.9905	0.3514	0.6111	0.1541	0.9121	0.4688	0.7726	0.9356	0.9905	0.3514
<i>HMGN1</i>	0.6923	0.1482	0.3099	0.3976	0.5932	0.1492	0.3629	0.7676	0.6923	0.1482
<i>ITPKB</i>	0.648	0.7235	0.8494	0.9671	0.0023	0.0002	0.5286	0.0357	0.648	0.7235
<i>JUN</i>	2.55E-06	1.1E-07	0.127	0.0579	3.18E-06	7.01E-05	1.76E-05	0.0003	1.36E-05	6.11E-05
<i>KATNAL1</i>	0.947	0.0175	0.8136	0.1384	0.9428	0.3966	0.7536	0.2458	0.947	0.0175
<i>MKI67</i>	0.0002	0.0139	0.0005	0.0384	0.0054	0.0128	0.0046	9.09E-05	0.0048	5.13E-05
<i>LMO2</i>	0.0003	0.0005	1.7E-05	3.99E-08	0.0048	0.0006	0.0078	0.1148	0.0223	0.0256
<i>LRMP</i>	0.0007	0.0012	0.0001	1.58E-07	0.0052	0.0015	0.0002	0.004	0.0007	0.0012
<i>MAN2C1</i>	0.059	0.0442	0.0047	0.0025	0.2573	0.2683	0.6684	0.0839	0.5623	0.5309

<i>MAP4K2</i>	0.0569	0.893	0.2705	0.6116	0.0938	0.4528	0.2019	0.5013	0.0569	0.893
<i>MAPK10</i>	0.8967	0.7572	0.1755	0.5832	0.7117	0.5687	0.3054	0.3824	0.8967	0.7572
<i>MARCKSL1</i>	0.0803	0.0737	0.0086	0.0087	0.2539	0.0416	0.9384	0.096	0.0803	0.0737
<i>MAST2</i>	0.7808	0.7139	0.3099	0.1394	0.3419	0.3877	0.2372	0.643	0.7808	0.7139
<i>MME</i>	0.0006	3.36E-05	0.0016	0.0009	0.0053	0.0011	0.0002	0.0076	0.0015	0.0055
<i>MYBL1</i>	6.8E-05	0.0014	0.0004	0.0006	0.0011	0.0187	0.0005	0.0042	0.0002	0.0021
<i>MYC</i>	0.0008	0.0025	2.6E-05	0.0002	0.0044	0.0025	0.0006	0.0004	0.0005	0.0004
<i>NEK6</i>	0.094	0.7536	0.0267	0.3045	0.0193	0.9825	0.5003	0.6346	0.0117	0.7809
<i>PCNA</i>	0.0021	0.0005	0.0007	0.0018	0.0053	0.0025	0.0071	5.48E-05	0.0036	9.92E-05
<i>PLEKHF2</i>	4.32E-05	3.29E-05	0.0017	1.24E-07	0.074	0.213	0.0416	0.0022	0.2631	0.0278
<i>PRPSAP2</i>	4.71E-05	0.0006	1.65E-05	5.07E-05	0.0013	0.0049	2.99E-05	0.0072	8.73E-05	0.0107
<i>RUNDC2B</i>	0.0029	6.27E-05	5.67E-05	1.7E-06	0.0023	0.0003	0.0008	0.0002	0.0024	0.0062
<i>SERPINA9</i>	5.8E-05	1.14E-05	0.0009	6.29E-05	0.0006	0.0002	0.003	0.0013	0.0003	0.0061
<i>STAT4</i>	0.0782	0.0011	0.0078	0.0659	0.1071	0.1013	0.1503	0.0073	0.3653	0.0021
<i>STK17A</i>	0.0998	0.6682	0.2059	0.8379	0.0588	0.3792	0.249	0.9658	0.161	0.773
<i>TMEM123</i>	0.0026	0.0018	0.0002	6.26E-07	0.0025	0.0002	0.2267	0.002	0.0017	0.0028
<i>TOX</i>	0.3362	0.632	0.9324	0.9605	0.7803	0.8406	0.4895	0.5943	0.2581	0.3999
<i>TTC9</i>	0.0043	0.0001	0.6702	0.1322	0.8085	0.7684	0.0029	0.0003	0.0028	0.0021
<i>VEZT</i>	0.0059	0.007	0.0002	0.0019	0.2021	0.0034	0.0363	0.0028	0.0094	0.0074
<i>VPREB3</i>	0.0134	2.28E-05	0.0033	0.0043	0.0362	0.0127	0.0013	0.0006	0.0174	0.0013
<i>VNN2</i>	0.0034	3.5E-05	0.0005	0.0004	0.1842	0.1463	0.0052	0.0018	0.0049	0.0138
<i>ZNF608</i>	8.77E-06	1.59E-05	1.98E-05	3.2E-06	0.0025	0.0023	0.0008	0.0019	1.85E-06	0.0105
Proportion of down-regulated genes	0.6585	0.7317	0.6829	0.6341	0.5854	0.6341	0.5854	0.6585	0.6341	0.6829

P values for the down-regulation of each individual GC lymphoma proliferative signature shown in Fig. S2A,B are listed. Numbers at the bottom indicate the overall proportion of down-regulated genes ($p < 0.05$) by each inhibitor treatment.

**Table S5. Proportion of down-regulated proliferative signatures
from ^{MYC/IGH}-GC lymphoma lines after inhibitor treatment.**

Gene name	SHP2 shRs, <i>P</i> value		c-Myc shR, <i>P</i> value		PD0325901, <i>P</i> value		U0126, <i>P</i> value	
	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8	Raji	OCI-LY8
<i>AICDA</i>	0.001	0.0003	0.0027	0.0001	0.0019	0.0006	0.0015	0.001
<i>BCL6</i>	0.0002	1.22E-07	3.95E-05	3.9E-07	0.0004	0.0006	0.0002	0.0013
<i>BPNT1</i>	0.6167	0.7092	0.0703	0.5284	0.8222	0.2584	0.4998	0.4775
<i>CCND2</i>	5.43E-05	0.0004	0.0003	0.0019	1.4E-05	0.0002	4.49E-06	0.0008
<i>CD38</i>	0.0004	8.65E-05	0.0021	0.0001	9.65E-05	0.0004	0.001	0.0005
<i>DNMT1</i>	0.479	0.0401	0.1228	0.0026	0.2955	0.0511	0.194	0.0313
<i>TCF3</i>	0.0045	0.0011	0.0004	0.0009	0.0003	0.0007	0.0004	0.0143
<i>FGD6</i>	0.0011	0.0064	0.0002	0.0032	0.0013	0.0058	0.0011	0.0064
<i>FOS</i>	2.81E-05	0.0005	0.1669	0.1052	0.0017	0.0003	0.0002	0.0004
<i>GCET2</i>	2.45E-06	7.49E-06	5.35E-06	0.0015	0.0345	0.0191	0.0105	0.0455
<i>HDAC7</i>	0.1456	0.3862	0.4724	0.271	0.2041	0.8858	0.1456	0.3862
<i>HMGNI</i>	0.8514	0.1271	0.8347	0.2594	0.8351	0.6779	0.8514	0.1271
<i>ITPKB</i>	0.0799	0.5742	0.0607	0.9109	0.1563	0.2965	0.0799	0.5742
<i>JUN</i>	0.0009	0.0038	0.0626	0.3143	0.0009	0.002	0.0007	0.0059
<i>KATNAL1</i>	0.3106	0.7984	0.4586	0.5893	0.9111	0.977	0.3106	0.7984
<i>MKI67</i>	0.0018	6.03E-05	0.0018	0.0011	0.0027	2.1E-05	0.0018	0.0002
<i>LMO2</i>	0.0008	0.0005	0.0003	0.0003	0.0009	0.0011	0.0008	0.0005
<i>LRMP</i>	0.0012	0.0004	1.95E-05	0.0002	0.0004	0.0007	0.1098	0.0004
<i>MAN2C1</i>	0.0688	0.4874	0.0025	0.0041	0.1462	0.2465	0.0688	0.4874
<i>MAP4K2</i>	0.0127	0.049	0.0108	0.4151	0.0909	0.1305	0.0127	0.049

<i>MAPK10</i>	0.5589	0.3043	0.9984	0.7019	0.7024	0.1407	0.5589	0.3043
<i>MARCKSL1</i>	0.8898	0.6558	0.8286	0.8807	0.8377	0.3198	0.8898	0.6558
<i>MAST2</i>	0.854	0.7644	0.7991	0.5813	0.9943	0.4631	0.854	0.7644
<i>MME</i>	0.0009	0.0017	0.0004	0.0017	0.0004	0.002	0.0014	0.0027
<i>MYBL1</i>	0.0014	1.65E-06	0.0005	3.74E-05	0.0008	0.0033	0.0021	0.0058
<i>MYC</i>	0.024	0.0022	2.46E-06	3.85E-05	0.0007	0.0029	0.0007	0.0024
<i>NEK6</i>	0.2358	0.0702	0.7889	0.0208	0.7891	0.005	0.1478	0.0652
<i>PCNA</i>	0.0001	9.22E-05	3.4E-05	0.0015	6.09E-05	0.0007	2.49E-05	4.48E-05
<i>PLEKHF2</i>	2.24E-08	3.75E-05	2.45E-05	3.89E-07	0.0008	0.0025	0.0027	0.0057
<i>PRPSAP2</i>	4.24E-06	3.89E-05	0.0001	2.49E-05	0.0642	0.0048	0.0006	0.0053
<i>RUNDC2B</i>	0.0057	0.0066	4.59E-06	2.89E-05	0.0017	0.0047	0.0105	0.013
<i>SERPINA9</i>	9.96E-06	3.36E-05	0.0003	0.0036	0.0083	0.0005	0.0388	0.0064
<i>STAT4</i>	0.524	0.2018	0.1407	0.1286	0.6539	0.1482	0.3511	0.3401
<i>STK17A</i>	0.6528	0.2979	0.2697	0.0998	0.7444	0.4345	0.336	0.1456
<i>TMEM123</i>	0.001	0.0075	1.91E-05	3.13E-05	0.0021	0.0057	0.0015	0.0109
<i>TOX</i>	0.916	0.2724	0.9038	0.4855	0.2628	0.0795	0.6493	0.5347
<i>TTC9</i>	0.0016	0.0031	0.3261	0.2917	0.0024	0.0012	0.0023	0.0077
<i>VEZT</i>	0.0004	0.0007	5.87E-05	2.39E-06	0.0023	0.0582	0.0008	0.0016
<i>VPREB3</i>	5.3E-06	0.0002	0.0003	0.0024	0.0014	0.0004	0.0085	0.0002
<i>VNN2</i>	0.0004	4.96E-06	0.0022	0.0002	0.0043	0.0044	0.0003	0.0149
<i>ZNF608</i>	3.68E-05	2.64E-05	5.04E-06	1.8E-07	0.0001	0.0032	0.0003	0.0002
Proportion of down-regulated genes	0.6585	0.7073	0.6098	0.6341	0.6098	0.6341	0.6341	0.6829

P values for the down-regulation of each individual GC lymphoma proliferative signature shown in Fig. S2A,B are listed. Numbers at the bottom indicate the overall proportion of down-regulated genes ($p < 0.05$) by each inhibitor treatment.

Table S6. The laboratory characteristics of 56 B-lymphoma patients.

Patient	phosphor-SHP2	Phosphor-ERK1/2	phosphor-CD19	BCL2	BCL6	CD10	CD20	MUM1	EBER	IGH/MYC translocation
GCB-DLBCL-1	-	-	-	+	++	+	++	+	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-2	++	++	++	-	++	+	++	-	+	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-3	++	++	+	+	+	+	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-4	++	++	++	+	++	+	++	-	-	-
GCB-DLBCL-5	++	++	++	++	++	++	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-6	++	+	++	-	++	++	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-7	+	+	-	+	++	++	+	-	-	+
GCB-DLBCL-8	+	+	++	-	++	++	++	-	-	-
GCB-DLBCL-9	++	++	++	+	+	++	++	-	+	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-10	+	-	++	+	++	++	++	-	-	-
GCB-DLBCL-11	+	+	-	-	-	++	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-12	-	-	+	+	+	+	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-13	+	+	++	-	++	-	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-14	++	++	++	+	+	+	++	+	+	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-15	++	++	+	-	++	+	++	-	-	N/A
GCB-DLBCL-16	++	+	++	+	+	++	++	-	+	N/A
BL-1	++	++	+	-	++	++	++	N/A	++	+
BL-2	++	++	++	-	++	+	++	N/A	++	+
FL-1	+	-	++	+	++	+	++	-	-	N/A
FL-2	++	+	+	-	+	++	++	+	-	-
FL-3	++	+	++	++	++	+	++	-	+	+
FL-4	+	++	+	++	++	-	++	+	-	-
FL-5	++	++	+	+	++	+	++	-	+	-

FL-6	+	++	+	+	+	+	++	-	-	N/A
FL-7	+	++	++	+	+	-	++	-	+	N/A
FL-8	++	+	++	++	++	+	+	+	-	-
FL-9	+	++	+	++	++	+	+	+	-	-
ABC-DLBCL-1	+	+	+	+	-	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-2	+	+	-	-	+	-	++	+	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-3	+	+	++	+	+	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-4	++	+	+	+	++	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-5	++	+	++	+	-	-	+	+	+	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-6	+	+	++	++	-	-	++	++	-	-
ABC-DLBCL-7	-	+	+	-	+	-	++	+	+	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-8	++	++	++	++	-	-	++	+	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-9	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	++	+	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-10	-	-	+	++	+	-	++	+	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-11	-	+	++	+	-	-	++	++	-	-
ABC-DLBCL-12	+	++	-	-	++	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-13	-	-	++	+	-	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-14	-	-	++	-	+	-	++	++	+	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-15	-	+	+	+	-	-	++	+	N/A	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-16	-	-	++	+	-	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-17	-	++	+	+	+	-	++	+	N/A	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-18	-	-	+	-	-	-	++	+	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-19	-	-	+	+	-	-	++	+	N/A	-
ABC-DLBCL-20	-	-	+	-	-	-	++	+	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-21	-	-	-	+	-	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-22	++	+	+	-	+	-	++	++	-	N/A

ABC-DLBCL-23	-	+	+	+	-	-	++	+	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-24	-	-	+	++	-	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-25	++	++	++	+	+	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-26	-	++	-	-	-	-	+	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-27	+	+	++	+	-	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-28	-	-	++	+	+	-	++	++	-	N/A
ABC-DLBCL-29	-	-	++	-	-	-	++	+	+	N/A

+, Moderate.

++, Strong.

Table S7. Distribution of p-Tyr531-CD19, p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2 and p-Tyr542-SHP2 staining in GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma subgroups.

p-Tyr542 SHP2				
COO subtype	Negative	Moderate	Strong	Total
GC lymphoma	2	10	15	27
non-GC lymphoma	17	7	5	29
Total	19	17	20	56

p-Tyr531 CD19				
COO subtype	Negative	Moderate	Strong	Total
GC lymphoma	3	9	15	27
non-GC lymphoma	4	13	12	29
Total	11	23	22	56

p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2				
COO subtype	Negative	Moderate	Strong	Total
GC lymphoma	4	9	14	27
non-GC lymphoma	11	13	5	29
Total	15	28	13	56

p-, phosphorylated.

Supplementary Figure Legends

Figure S1. High-level SHP2 activation is preferentially associated with GC lymphoma.

A. Expression of p-Tyr531-CD19, p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2 and p-Tyr542-SHP2 in the B-lymphoma biopsies by immunohistochemistry. p-, phosphorylated. H&E, Hematoxylin and eosin stain.

B. Distribution of p-Tyr531-CD19, p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2 and p-Tyr542-SHP2 staining in GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma subgroups. The staining was scored as described in the supplementary methods.

Figure S2. Effects of SHP2 knockdown or ERK inhibition on GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma cells.

A. GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma lines transfected with CTRL shR or SHP2 shR2 were immunoblotted with antibodies against SHP2, BCL6, Tubulin, ERK1/2 and p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2. p-, phosphorylated. Tubulin and total form of ERK1/2 were used as loading control. Data are representative of three independent experiments.

B. Viability of GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma lines assessed by MTT assay after 5 days of treatment with varying doses of MEK inhibitors PD0325901, U0126; PI3K inhibitor LY294002 and I κ B α inhibitor BAY 11-7082.

C. GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma lines were treated with U0126 (10 μ M) or PD0325901 (0.2 μ M) for 6 hours. Cell lysates were analyzed by antibodies to c-Myc and Tubulin (loading control). Data are representative of three independent experiments.

Figure S3. SHP2/ERK signaling is required for proliferative signatures expression in GC lymphoma cells.

A. Proliferative gene expression profiling of the GC lymphoma lines after treatment with SHP2 shRs, c-Myc shR or CD19 shR. Gene expression changes were assessed using real time PCR and depicted according to the color scale shown. Gene expression measurements for the GC lymphoma proliferative signatures in the GC lymphoma lines expressing SHP2 shR1 or SHP2 shR2 were averaged for each sample.

B. Proliferative gene expression profiling of the GC lymphoma lines after treatment with MEK inhibitor PD0325901 or U0126 for 24 hours. Gene expression changes were assessed using real time PCR and depicted according to the color scale shown.

Figure S4. Effects of SHP2 rescue on GC lymphoma cells.

A. GC lymphoma transfected with CTRL + CTRL shR (CTRL shR), SHP2 shR2 + CTRL (SHP2 shR2) and SHP2 shR2 + SHP2 rescue (SHP2 rescue) were immunoblotted with antibodies against SHP2 and

Tubulin (loading control). SHP2 shR2 targets the 3' untranslated region of SHP2 gene. Data are representative of three independent experiments.

B. GC lymphoma cells expressing CTRL, CTRL shR, SHP2 shR2 or SHP2 rescue were immunoblotted with antibodies against cyclin D2, p27^{kip1}, PCNA, c-Myc and Tubulin (loading control). Data are representative of three independent experiments.

C. GC lymphoma cells expressing CTRL, CTRL shR, SHP2 shR2 or SHP2 rescue were immunoblotted with antibodies against SHP2, p-Tyr542 SHP2, Tubulin, ERK1/2 and p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2. p-, phosphorylated. Tubulin and total form of ERK1/2 were used as loading control. Data are representative of three independent experiments.

Figure S5. Effects of CD19 on the phosphorylation and stabilization of c-Myc in GC lymphoma cells.

A. MYC/IGH+GC lymphoma lines expressing CTRL shR or CD19 shR were immunoblotted with antibodies against c-Myc, p-Ser62 c-Myc, p-Thr58 c-Myc, p-Ser389 GSK3 β , GSK3 β and Tubulin. p-, phosphorylated. Tubulin and total form of GSK3 β were used as loading control. Data are representative of three independent experiments.

B. GC lymphoma cells expressing CTRL, SHP2 shR2 or SHP2 shR2 + CD19 rescue (CD19 rescue) were immunoblotted with antibodies against CD19, p-Tyr531 CD19, c-Myc, p-Ser62 c-Myc, Tubulin, ERK1/2

and p-Thr202/Tyr204-ERK1/2. p-, phosphorylated. Tubulin and total form of ERK1/2 were used as loading control. Data are representative of three independent experiments.

Figure S6. CD19 ligation resulted in the recruitment of GAB2 and SHP2 to CD19 in MYC/IGH^+ GC lymphoma cells, but not in MYC/IGH^- GC lymphoma and non-GC lymphoma cells.

A. GAB2 immunoprecipitated (IP) from wild-type B lymphoma cells before and after CD19 crosslinking (10 μ g/ml). Data are representative of three independent experiments.

B. SHP2 immunoprecipitated (IP) from wild-type B lymphoma cells before and after CD19 crosslinking (10 μ g/ml). Data are representative of three independent experiments.

Figure S7. Effects of ERK inhibition on the expression of transcripts encoding AP-1, cyclin D2 and p27^{kip1} in MYC/IGH^+ GC lymphoma cells.

A. Real-time PCR of transcript expression by MYC/IGH^+ GC lymphoma cells left unstimulated or stimulated with U0126 (10 μ M), PD0325901 (0.2 μ M) or Dasatinib (50nM) for 6 hours. *CCND2* encodes cyclin D2, *CDKN1B* encodes p27^{kip1}, *FOS* encodes c-Fos and *JUN* encodes c-Jun. RA, relative amount (compared with GAPDH). * $p < 0.05$. Data represent mean \pm s.e.m. of three independent experiments.

B. Immunoblot analysis of MYC/IGH^+ GC lymphoma cells left unstimulated or stimulated for 6 hours with U0126 (10 μ M), PD0325901 (0.2 μ M) or Dasatinib (50nM). Cell lysates were analyzed by antibodies to cyclin D2, p27^{kip1}, c-Jun, c-Fos and Tubulin (loading control). Data are representative of three independent experiments.

Figure S8. c-Myc transcriptionally regulates CD19 gene.

A. The two E-boxes (E-box1 and E-box2) and the transcription start site on human CD19 gene.

B. c-Myc dependent activation of CD19 in GC lymphoma cells in transient transfection assays. $*p < 0.05$. Data represent mean \pm s.e.m. of three independent experiments.

C. ChIP assay in GC lymphoma cells. PCR was performed with primers specific for CD19 E-box1 and E-box2, respectively. Immunoprecipitation was performed with anti-c-Myc Antibody or Control IgG. $*p < 0.05$. Data represent mean \pm s.e.m. of three independent experiments.

Supplementary References

1. Campo E, Swerdlow SH, Harris NL, Pileri S, Stein H, Jaffe ES. The 2008 WHO classification of lymphoid neoplasms and beyond: evolving concepts and practical applications. *Blood*. 2011;117(19): 5019-32.
2. Fruchon S, Kheirallah S, Al Saati T, Ysebaert L, Laurent C, Leseux L, *et al*. Involvement of the Syk-mTOR pathway in follicular lymphoma cell invasion and angiogenesis. *Leukemia*. 2012; 26(4): 795-805.
3. Wang W, Corrigan-Cummins M, Hudson J, Maric I, Simakova O, Neelapu SS, *et al*. MicroRNA profiling of follicular lymphoma identifies microRNAs related to cell proliferation and tumor response. *Haematologica*. 2012; 97(4): 586-94.

Figure S1

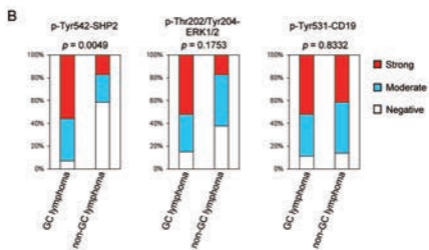
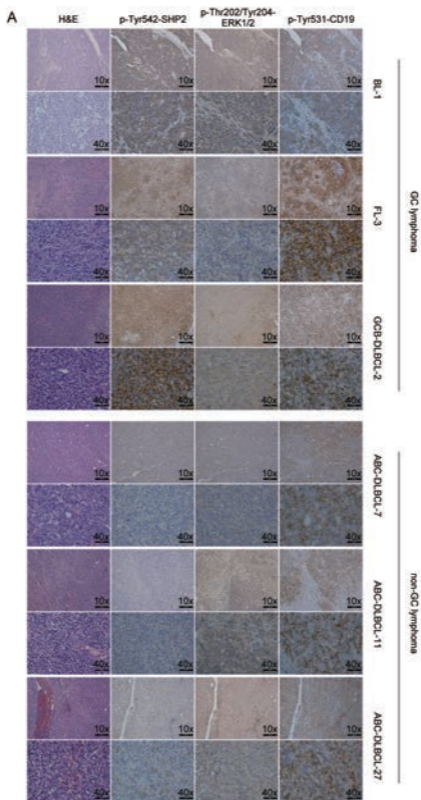
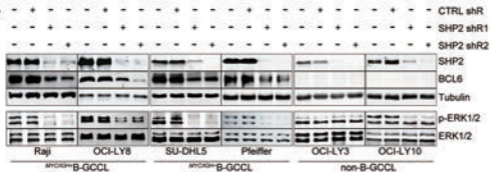
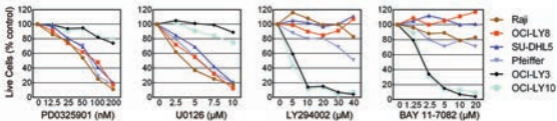


Figure S2

A



B



C

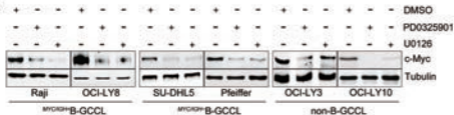


Figure S3

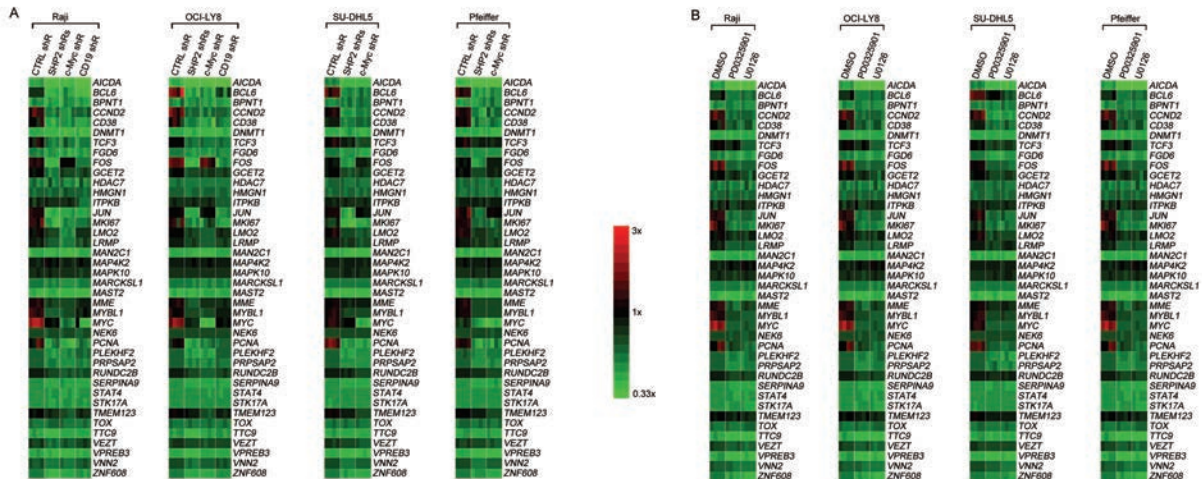


Figure S4

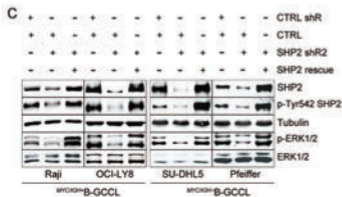
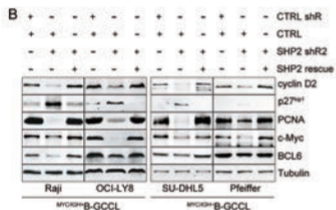
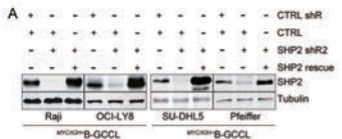


Figure S5

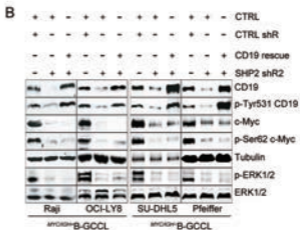
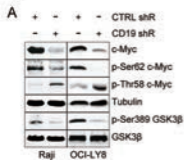


Figure S6

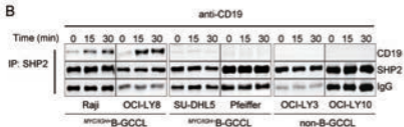
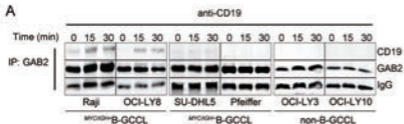
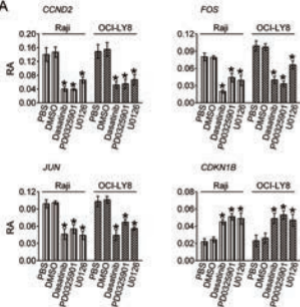


Figure S7

A



B

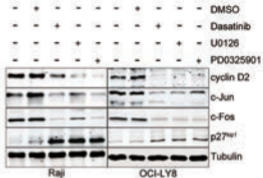


Figure S8

