

# High levels of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low/-</sup>CD123<sup>+</sup> blasts are predictive of an adverse outcome in acute myeloid leukemia: a Groupe Ouest-Est des Leucémies Aiguës et Maladies du Sang (GOELAMS) study

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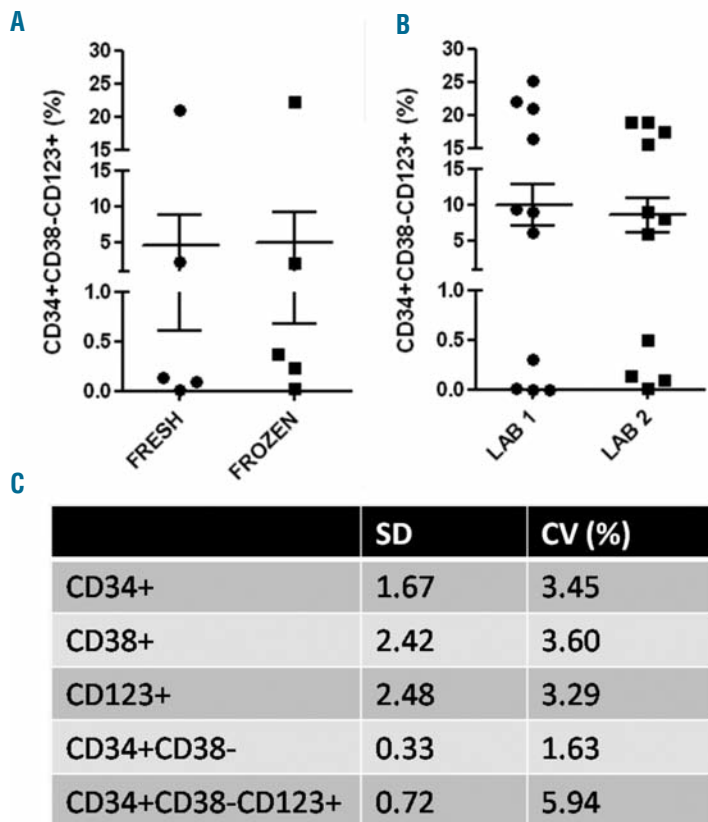


Figure 1. (A) Comparison of CD34, CD38 and CD123 staining from fresh and frozen samples (n=5). (B) Comparison between the two flow cytometers (n=11 samples), percentage of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low/-</sup>CD123<sup>+</sup> cells, (C) standard deviation (SD) and coefficient of variations (CV) of flow parameters.

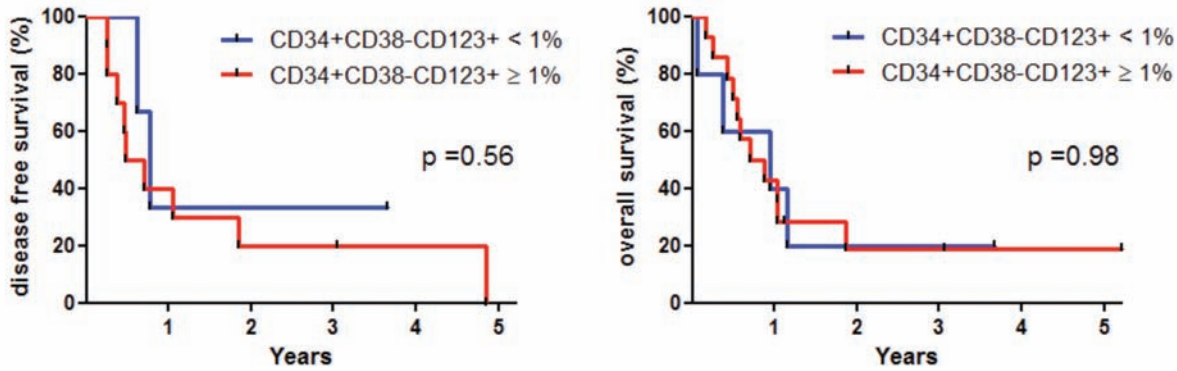


Figure 2. Comparison of disease-free and overall survival in AML patients with adverse cytogenetics (n=19) according to the percentage of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/CD123<sup>+</sup> cells.

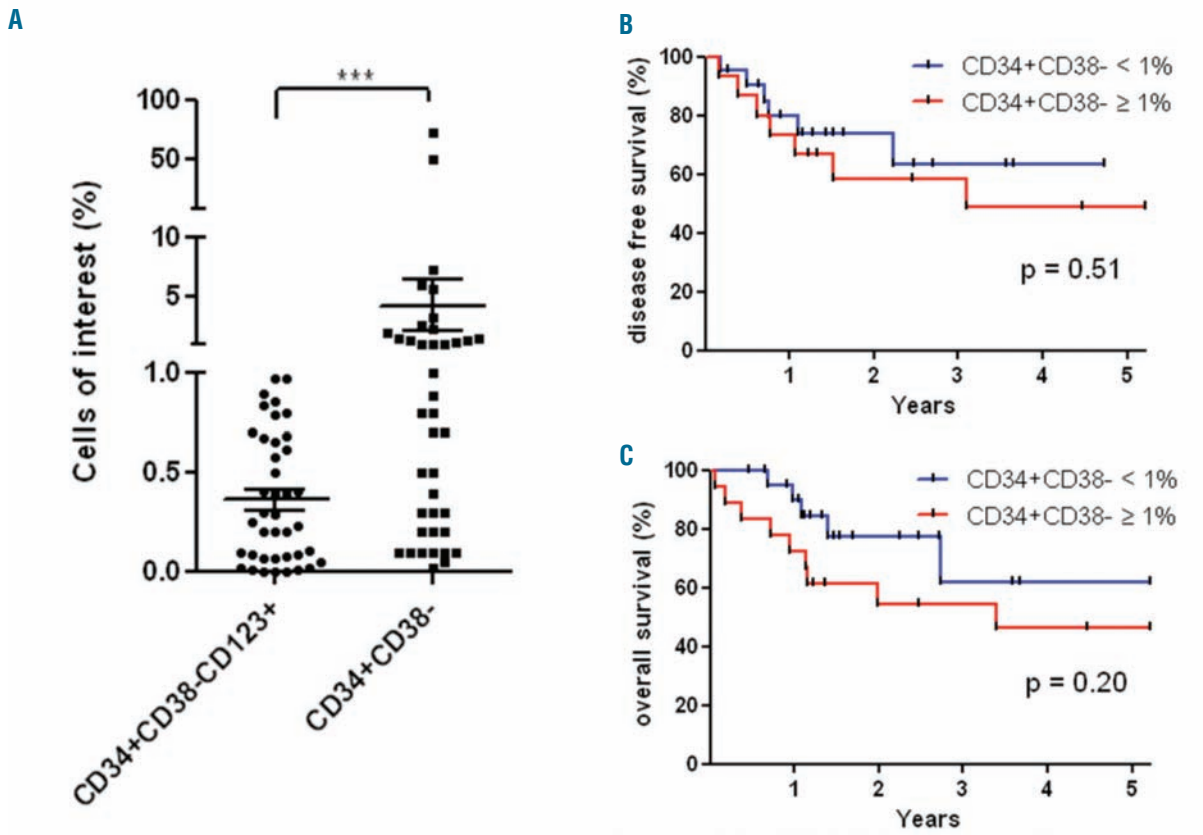


Figure 3. Usefulness of CD123 to differentiate normal and leukemic cells. (A) Comparison between percentages of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/ and CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/CD123<sup>+</sup> cells in patients with less than 1% of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/CD123<sup>+</sup> cells. The amount of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/CD123<sup>+</sup> cells was significantly lower (median: 0.27% versus 0.80%,  $P=0.0003$ ). Among the 40 patients who had less than 1% of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/CD123<sup>+</sup> cells, 17 had more than 1% of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/ cells. No differences in survival were seen in patients with more or less than 1% of CD34<sup>+</sup>CD38<sup>low</sup>/ cells. (B) Disease-free survival. (C) overall survival.