

Characterization of *CEBPA* mutations and promoter hypermethylation in pediatric acute myeloid leukemia

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Online Supplementary Table S1. Primer sequences and PCR conditions used for *CEBPA* mutational screening.

Name	Sequence	PCR conditions
Primer 1	5'-CGCCATGCCGGGAGAACTCT-3'	10' 95°C, 35 cycles of 1' 95°C, 1' 60°C and 1' 72°C, 10' 72°C
Primer 10	5'-CTTGGCTTCATCCTCTCGC-3'	
Primer 4	5'-CGGGCGCTGGTGATCAAG-3'	10' 95°C, touchdown of 20 cycles of 1' 95°C, 1' 70-60°C and 1' 72°C plus 20 cycles of 1' 95°C,
Primer 8	5'-CCAGGGCGGTCCACAGC-3'	1' 60°C and 1' 72°C, 10' 72°C

Online Supplementary Table S2. Detailed characteristics of *CEBPA*-mutant cases.

ID	Mutation(s)	Protein change(s)	# Mut.	Mutation type	Age (years)	Sex	WBC (x10 ⁹ /L)	FAB	Karyotype	Molecular aberration	Survival analysis	Therapy protocol	Follow-up
#3401	c.276_306del3bp + c.937_939dupAAAG	p.K92fsX150 + p.K313dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	5.8	m	86	2	CN	WT	yes	DCOG97	CCR for 7.5 yrs
#3412	c.69dupC + c.897_926dup30bp	p.V308_E309ins10aa	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	13.4	f	6	2	unknown	-	yes	DCOG/BFM87	CCR for 7.9 yrs
#3439	c.345_346insC + c.901_918dup18bp	p.G166fsX107 + p.D301_R306dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	12	m	78.8	1	other	-	yes	DCOG/BFM87	Relapse at 2.7 yrs, CCR for 4.6 yrs
#3472	c.64_70del7bp + c.937_939dupAAAG	p.P22fsX158 + p.K313dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	15.6	m	388.3	2	CN	FLT3/ITD	yes	BFM98	Relapse at 0.8 yrs, died at 2.7 yrs
#4396	c.322_339del8bp + c.912_913insTTG	p.A111fsX167 + p.K304_Q305insL	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	14.8	m	54	1	other	-	yes	BFM04	CCR for 2.5 yrs
#4445	c.319_322delGACT + C.913_945dup33bp	p.D107fsX159 + p.Q305_L315dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	8.4	f	82	2	CN	-	yes	BFM98	CCR for 7.9 yrs
#4714	c.247delC + c.937_939dupAAAG	p.Q83fsX160 + p.K313dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	12.6	m	32.8	1	CN	-	yes	DCOG97	CCR for 3.8 yrs
#4746	c.69dupC + c.937_939dupAAAG	p.23fsX107 + p.K313dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	6.9	f	181.5	1	other	FLT3/ITD	yes	DCOG97	Died in CCR at 1.2 yrs
#5013	c.206_210del5bp + c.937_939dupAAAG	p.A11fsX162 + p.K313dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	13.2	f	NA	2	CN	-	no	-	-
#5047	c.351_352delGC + c.912_920dup9bp	p.G117fsX169 + p.K304_R306dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	8.8	f	NA	1	other	FLT3/ITD	no	-	-
#5061	c.198dupC + c.926_928dupAGA	p.Y67fsX107 + p.E309_T310insK	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	4	m	NA	1	CN	WT1+N-RAS	no	-	-
#5063	c.344_348del5bp + c.937_939dupAAAG	p.P115fsX168 + p.K313dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	14.6	f	NA	2	CN	WT	no	-	-
#5169	c.330_337del11bp + c.896_928dup33bp	p.G110fsX167 + p.S299_E309dup	double	N-term frame shift + in-frame ins bZfP	18.5	m	43.1	2	CN	-	yes	BFM04	Relapse at 2.3 yrs, CCR for 1.3 yrs
#4936	c.68_78del11bp + c.594dupC	p.K313dup p.A199fsX321	single	N-term frame shift before bZfP	9.6	m	66	2	other	N-RAS	yes	BFM98	CCR for 9.0 yrs
#1885	c.937_939dupAAAG	p.K313dup	single	In-frame ins bZfP	2.3	m	15	4	CN	WT1+N-RAS	yes	DCOG97	CCR for 5.0 yrs
#4734	c.945_946insCAG	p.L315_E316insQ	single	In-frame ins bZfP	4.9	m	20	0	other	-	yes	DCOG97	Relapse at 1.3 yrs, died at 1.9 yrs
#4747	c.917_934del18bp	p.R306_Q311del	single	In-frame del bZfP	3.8	f	7.8	1	other	-	yes	DCOG97	CCR for 1.0 yrs
#5041	c.937_939dupAAAG	p.K313dup	single	In-frame ins bZfP	13.6	f	NA	1	unknown	-	no	-	-
#3465	c.382_383dupCC	p.P128fsX161	single	Frame shift TAD2	10	f	534.6	2	CN	FLT3/ITD	yes	BFM98	NR, died at 1.3 yrs
#4096	c.707_713dup7bp	p.A238fsX323	single	Frame shift before bZfP	12.9	f	214	4	other	WT	yes	DCOG97	Relapse at 0.8 yrs, died at 1.6 yrs

CN: cytogenetically normal; CCR: continuous remission; NR: no response.

Online Supplementary Table S3. Characteristics of the study cohort included in the survival analysis (n=185).

	All	CEBPA single mutation	CEBPA double mutation	CEBPA wild-type	P value
Number	185	5	10	170	
Age, median (range) (yrs)	9.6 (0.0-18.8)	4.9 (2.3-12.9)	12.3 (5.8-18.5)	9.6 (0.0-18.8)	0.18
<3 yr, n (%)	38 (21%)	1 (20%)	-	37 (22%)	
≥3 yr, n (%)	147 (79%)	4 (80%)	10 (100%)	133 (78%)	0.25
Gender (% female)	43%	60%	30%	39%	0.53
WBC (x10 ⁹ /L), median (range)	42 (1-535)	20 (8-535)	60 (6-388)	42 (1-483)	0.75
FAB classification, n(%)					0.10
M0	9 (5%)	1 (20%)	-	8 (5%)	
M1	21 (12%)	1 (20%)	4 (40%)	16 (10%)	
M2	48 (26%)	1 (20%)	6 (60%)	41 (24%)	
M3	3 (2%)	-	-	3 (2%)	
M4	50 (27%)	2 (40%)	-	48 (29%)	
M5	43 (24%)	-	-	43 (26%)	
M6	3 (2%)	-	-	3 (2%)	
M7	5 (3%)	-	-	5 (3%)	
other	1 (1%)	-	-	1 (1%)	
unknown	2 (1%)	-	-	2 (1%)	
Karyotype, n(%)					0.13
t(8;21)	26 (14%)	-	-	26 (15%)	
inv(16)	24 (13%)	-	-	24 (14%)	
t(15;17)	-	-	-	-	
11q23	36 (20%)	-	-	36 (21%)	
normal	46 (25%)	2 (40%)	5 (50%)	39 (23%)	
other	38 (21%)	3 (60%)	4 (40%)	31 (18%)	
unknown	12 (7%)	-	1 (10%)	11 (7%)	
FLT3/ITD, n(%) (n=185)	34 (18%)	1 (20%)	2 (20%)	31 (18%)	0.99
N- or K-RAS, n(%) (n=184)	41 (22%)	1 (20%)	1 (10%)	39 (23%)	0.62
c-KIT, n% (n=184)	16 (9%)	-	-	16 (9%)	0.46
MLL-PTD, n% (n=180)	3 (2%)	-	-	3 (2%)	0.87
NPMI, n% (n=182)	17 (9%)	-	-	17 (10%)	0.43
WT1, n% (n=185)	19 (10%)	2 (40%)	1 (10%)	16 (9%)	0.09

WBC: white blood cell count at diagnosis; FAB: French-American British.

Online Supplementary Table S4. Top 50 most significantly differentially expressed genes of the *CEBPA* cluster versus all other clusters. Probe sets are ordered from most significant (n.1) to least significant (n.50).

N.	Probe set	Gene Symbol	Gene Title
1	1555630_a_at	RAB34	RAB34, member RAS oncogene family
2	209191_at	TUBB6	tubulin, beta 6
3	214049_x_at	CD7	CD7 antigen (p41)
4	214551_s_at	CD7	CD7 antigen (p41)
5	219541_at	LIME1	Lck interacting transmembrane adaptor 1
6	225662_at	ZAK	sterile alpha motif and leucine zipper containing kinase AZK
7	225665_at	ZAK	sterile alpha motif and leucine zipper containing kinase AZK
8	206660_at	IGLL1	immunoglobulin lambda-like polypeptide 1
9	223724_s_at	DKFZP434A0131 /// LOC442582	DKFZp434A0131 protein /// STAG3-like
10	200765_x_at	CTNNA1	catenin (cadherin-associated protein), alpha 1, 102kDa
11	209185_s_at	IRS2	insulin receptor substrate 2
12	210844_x_at	CTNNA1	catenin (cadherin-associated protein), alpha 1, 102kDa
13	203542_s_at	KLF9	Kruppel-like factor 9
14	209184_s_at	IRS2	insulin receptor substrate 2
15	210448_s_at	P2RX5	purinergic receptor P2X, ligand-gated ion channel, 5
16	231982_at	LOC284422	similar to HSPC323
17	222786_at	CHST12	carbohydrate (chondroitin 4) sulfotransferase 12
18	202252_at	RAB13	RAB13, member RAS oncogene family
19	205383_s_at	ZBTB20	zinc finger and BTB domain containing 20
20	217143_s_at	TRA@ /// TRD@	T cell receptor alpha locus /// T cell receptor delta locus
21	214835_s_at	SUCLG2	succinate-CoA ligase, GDP-forming, beta subunit
22	235308_at	ZBTB20	zinc finger and BTB domain containing 20
23	227423_at	LRRC28	leucine rich repeat containing 28
24	229949_at	TRIM50A	DKFZp434A0131 protein
25	203543_s_at	KLF9	Kruppel-like factor 9
26	211846_s_at	PVRL1	poliovirus receptor-related 1 (herpesvirus entry mediator C; nectin)
27	213830_at	TRD@	T cell receptor delta locus
28	216191_s_at	TRA@ /// TRD@	T cell receptor alpha locus /// T cell receptor delta locus
29	218872_at	TSC	hypothetical protein FLJ20607
30	224710_at	RAB34	RAB34, member RAS oncogene family
31	231929_at	IKZF2	IKAROS family zinc finger 2 (Helios)
32	231935_at	ARPP-21	cyclic AMP-regulated phosphoprotein, 21 kD
33	1563468_at	ZAK	Hypothetical protein LOC339751
34	1556599_s_at	ARPP-21	cyclic AMP-regulated phosphoprotein, 21 kD
35	200764_s_at	CTNNA1	catenin (cadherin-associated protein), alpha 1, 102kDa
36	202242_at	TSPAN7	tetraspanin 7
37	205382_s_at	CFD	D component of complement (adipsin)
38	213156_at	---	MRNA; cDNA DKFZp586B211 (from clone DKFZp586B211)
39	213779_at	EMID1	EMI domain containing 1
40	240084_at	CBX2	chromobox homolog 2 (Pc class homolog, Drosophila)
41	202241_at	TRIB1	tribbles homolog 1 (Drosophila)
42	227121_at	---	MRNA; cDNA DKFZp586K1922 (from clone DKFZp586K1922)
43	208683_at	CAPN2	calpain 2, (m/II) large subunit
44	216268_s_at	JAG1	jagged 1 (Alagille syndrome)
45	218927_s_at	CHST12	carbohydrate (chondroitin 4) sulfotransferase 12
46	214298_x_at	SEPT6	septin 6
47	238151_at	AFG3L2	AFG3 ATPase family gene 3-like 2 (yeast)
48	212459_x_at	SUCLG2	succinate-CoA ligase, GDP-forming, beta subunit
49	201874_at	MPZL1	myelin protein zero-like 1
50	203233_at	IL4R	interleukin 4 receptor

Online Supplementary Table S5. Immunophenotype and gene expression of T-cell associated genes in the *CEBPA*-silenced cases.

	#3451	#3496	#4728	#4736	#5033
Immunophenotype					
T-lymphoid antigens					
CD7	+	NA	+	+	+
SmCD3	-	NA	-	-	-
CyCD3	-	NA	-	+	-
CD2	-	NA	-	+	-
TdT	-	NA	NA	NA	-
Myeloid antigens					
CD13	+	NA	-	+	+
CD33	+	NA	+	+	+
CD14	-	NA	-	-	-
CD65	-	NA	-	-	NA
CD11b	-	NA	+	+	NA
cyMPO	-	NA	-	-	-
Stem-cell antigens					
CD34	+	NA	+	+	+
CD117	+	NA	+	+ partly	+
CD133	NA	NA	+	+	NA
Other antigens					
CD45	+	NA	+	+	+
CD56	-	NA	-	-	-
Gene expression					
Gene (probe set ID)					
CD3D (213539_at)	1479.5	1248.5	1019.4	2129.4	1129.6
CD3G (206804_at)	96.4	50.5	54.6	108.6	86.8
CD3Z (210031_at)	106.5	116.1	182.1	169.2	86.5
CD7 (214551_s_at)	227.9	364.2	386.8	618.9	516.1
LCK (204891_s_at)	228.7	110.4	175.4	716.1	167.7
NOTCH1 (218902_at)	188.1	145.3	276.5	279.2	139.6
TRD@ (213830_at)	158.9	114.1	1328.3	1055.9	92.9

NA indicates not available

Online Supplementary Table S6. Confusion matrix and prediction values for the 237 cases based on the previously described 21-probe set gene signature to predict *CEBPA* double-mutant cases (**A**) and the 9-probe set gene signature to predict *CEBPA*-silenced cases (**B**).

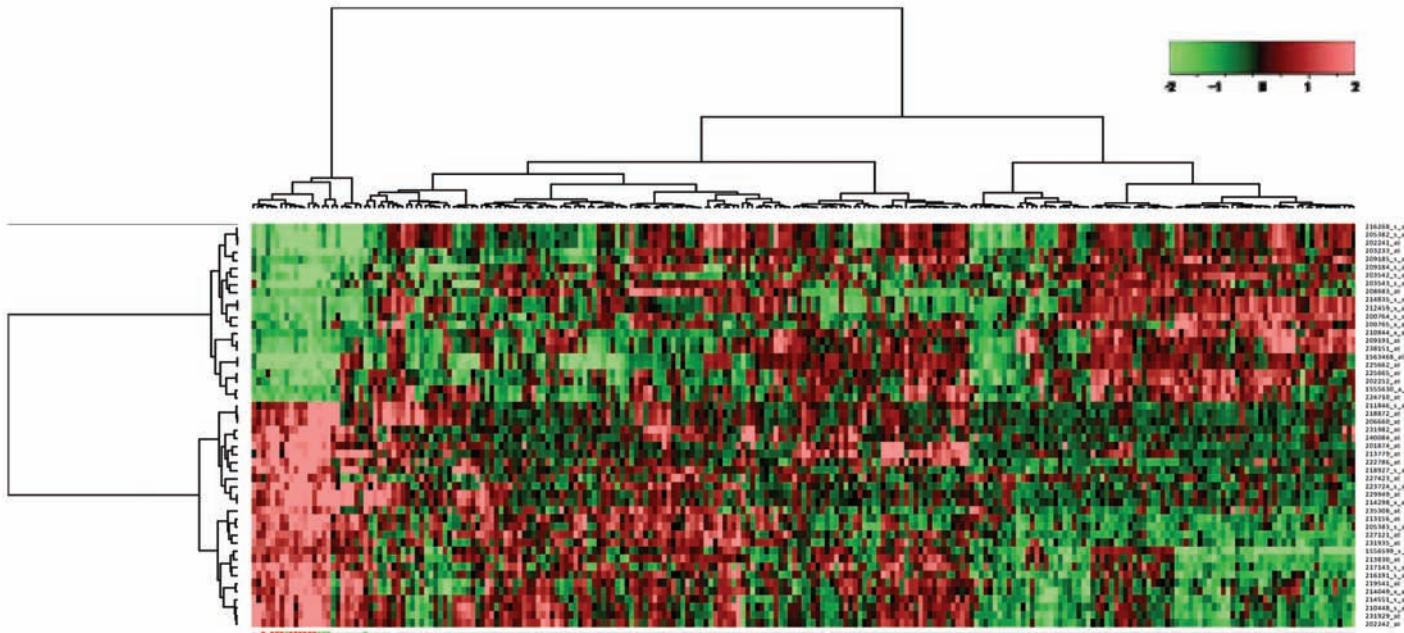
		Predicted			
		Wild-type	Double	Silenced	Single
Actual	Wild-type	209	0	6	1
	Double	0	10	1	1
	Silenced	1	0	4	0
	Single	1	1	0	2

Sample	Sensitivity	Specificity	PPV	NPV
Wild-type	0.96	0.96	0.99	0.76
Double	0.83	0.99	0.90	0.99
Silenced	0.80	0.96	0.36	0.99
Single	0.50	0.99	0.50	0.99

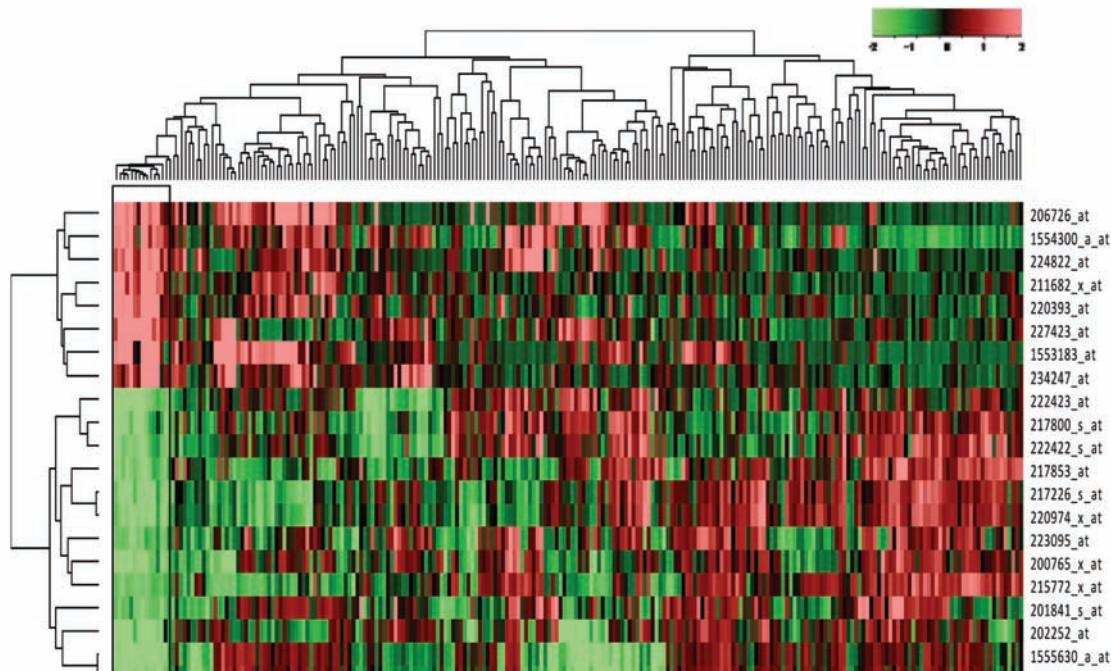
		Predicted			
		Wild-type	Double	Silenced	Single
Actual	Wild-type	199	14	1	2
	Double	2	10	0	0
	Silenced	0	2	3	0
	Single	1	1	0	2

Sample	Sensitivity	Specificity	PPV	NPV
Wild-type	0.92	0.85	0.98	0.51
Double	0.83	0.92	0.37	0.99
Silenced	0.60	0.99	0.75	0.99
Single	0.50	0.99	0.50	0.99

PPV: positive predictive value; NPV: negative predictive value.

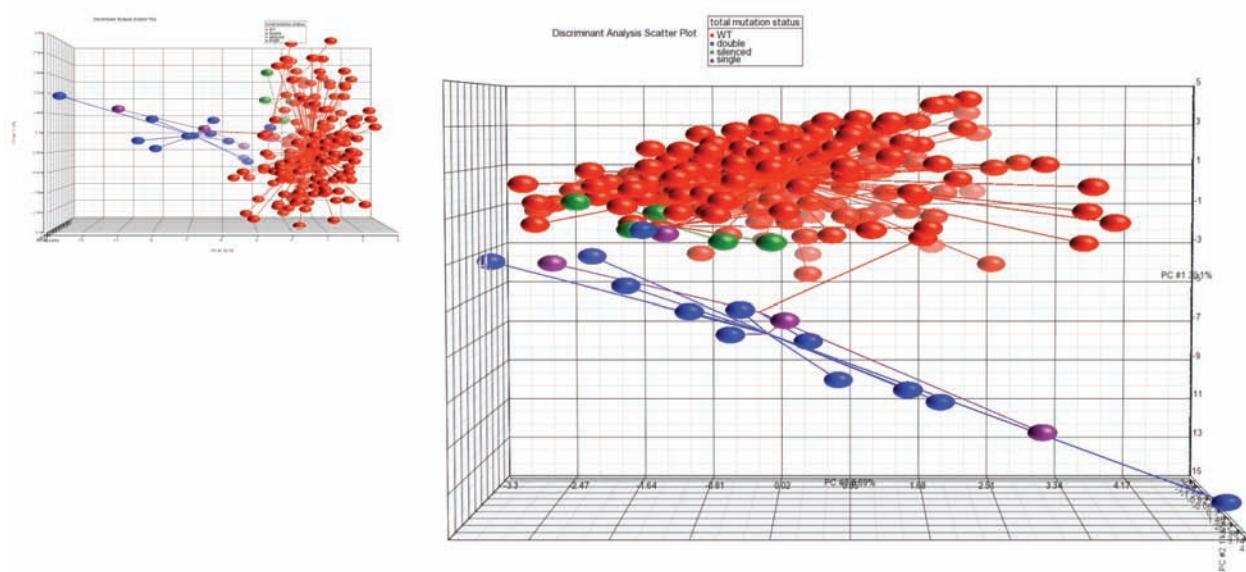


A

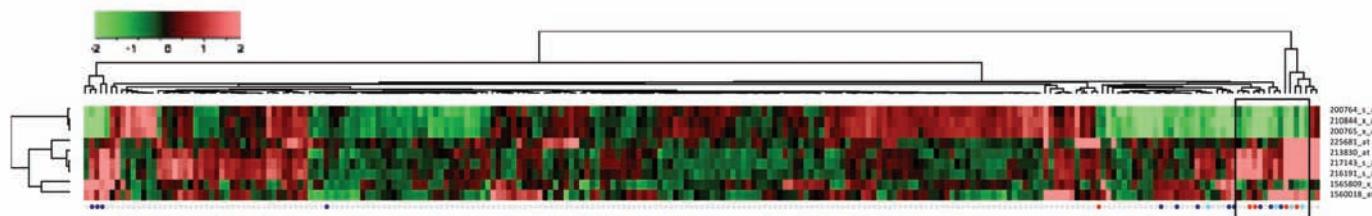


Online Supplementary Figure S2. Prediction and clustering of CEBPA double-mutant and silenced cases in our pediatric AML cohort based on predictive gene signatures derived from adult AML. (A) To identify our CEBPA double-mutant cases, a 21-probe set-containing signature previously described for adult AML was used for clustering.²⁷ In the heat map these probe sets are depicted on the vertical axis, and the 237 cases on the horizontal axis. Intensity values of the probe sets (\log_2) are median centered, and probe sets and cases are hierarchically clustered. Cells represent relative \log_2 expression values, and have been color coded on a scale ranging from bright green (-2) to bright red (+2), with black indicating no change relative to the median. Below the heat map CEBPA double-mutants are marked with a dark blue-colored circle, CEBPA single-mutants with a light blue-colored circle, CEBPA-silenced cases with a red-colored circle and CEBPA wild-type cases with a gray-colored circle. All but one double-mutant clustered together, as shown in the lined box; however three CEBPA single-mutants, with a mutation in the bZIP region, were also present in this cluster.

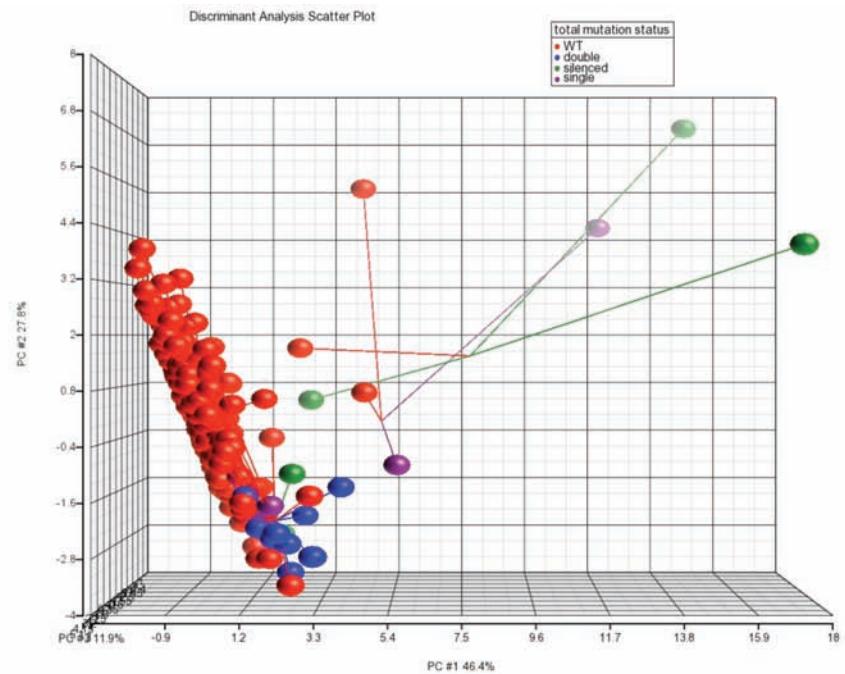
B



C



D



Online Supplementary Figure S2. (B) Principal component analysis (PCA) of the 237 cases was carried out based on the 21-probe set-containing signature predicting *CEBPA* double-mutants. Each circle represents an AML case. Cases are color-coded based on *CEBPA* status: *CEBPA* double-mutant (blue), *CEBPA* single-mutant (purple), *CEBPA* wild-type (red) and *CEBPA*-silenced AML (green). The first three principal components (PCA1, PCA2 and PCA3) are depicted. The figure illustrates that *CEBPA* double-mutants can be separated from *CEBPA* wild-type cases over the first principal component together with three single mutants (PCA1), while the *CEBPA*-silenced cases are scattered within the wild-type cohort. (C) To identify our *CEBPA*-silenced cases, we used the 9-probe set-containing gene signature previously described for adult AML.¹⁵ The presented heat map is similar to *Online Supplementary Figure S2A*. Four of our five *CEBPA*-silenced cases clustered together, but six *CEBPA*-mutant cases and four wild-types clustered with these cases. (D) PCA of the 237 cases was carried out based on the 9-probe sets-containing signature predicting *CEBPA*-silenced cases. This figure is similar to *Online Supplementary Figure S2C*. The figure illustrates that only three out of the five *CEBPA*-silenced cases could be separated from the *CEBPA* wild-type cases. Moreover, two single-mutant cases and three wild-type cases aggregated together with these three silenced cases, while the other two *CEBPA*-silenced cases were scattered within the wild-type cohort.