Table 1b, showing the mean value, standard deviation, maximum and minimum and $p$ value for each parameter for the patients with normal (Group A) cardiac R2* compared to those with abnormal (Group B) and number of patients on whom the parameters were available. The $p$ value shown is dependent on the $F$ test - i.e. if the latter is significant $(<0.05)$ then the $\mathbf{p}$ value is that derived testing with unequal variance, if not significant the $p$ value is that with equal variance. The bold $P$ value indicates those parameters that have a significant relationship to cardiac R2*.

| Parameter |  | Group A |  | No. of pts | Mean | Standard Deviation | Group B | Comparison |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of pts | Mean | Standard Deviation |  |  |  |  | $p$ | Bonferroni Correction $p$ value* |
| Age | 50 | 26.24 | 5.6 | 109 | 28.99 | 5.9 | -2.75 | 0.0062 | 0.062 |
| Age start chelation. | 50 | 6.8 | 3.4 | 109 | 7.8 | 3.9 | -1.0 | 0.13 | - |
| Ferritin at start of chelation | 50 | 3320 | 2460 | 107 | 3942 | 2547 | -622 | 0.15 | - |
| Maximum Ferritin | 50 | 6167 | 2496 | 109 | 6946 | 3061 | -779 | 0.12 | - |
| Minimum Ferritin | 50 | 1137 | 915 | 109 | 1355 | 909 | -218 | 0.16 | - |
| Mean Ferritin | 50 | 2422 | 1474 | 109 | 3163 | 2060 | -741 | 0.011 | 0.11 |
| Most recent Ferritin | 50 | 2428 | 1654 | 109 | 3214 | 2306 | -786 | 0.016 | 0.16 |
| Red Cell Consumption | 50 | 194 | 36 | 109 | 196 | 37 | -2 | 0.76 | - |
| Compliance | 50 | 267 | 50 | 97 | 243 | 51 | 24 | 0.0064 | 0.064 |
| IEF | 50 | 1269 | 525 | 97 | 1833 | 826 | -564 | <0.00001 | <0.00001 |
| Hep R2* | 46 | 537 | 446 | 98 | 790 | 684 | -253 | 0.0092 | 0.092 |
| EF | 45 | 69.6 | 6.0 | 101 | 64 | 11.6 | -5.6 | 0.0003 | - |
| EDVI | 24 | 70.3 | 19.7 | 62 | 70.8 | 19.8 | 0.5 | 0.9 | - |
| ESVI | 24 | 20.8 | 8.38 | 62 | 26.48 | 13.5 | -5.68 | 0.0255 | - |
| SVI | 24 | 48.36 | 15.8 | 62 | 44.5 | 11.9 | 3.86 | 0.28 | - |

- *Bonferroni correction was applied to reduce the potential of a chance finding taking the eleven parameters Age- Hep R2* and analyzing only for those that were originally significant.
- 12 were referred for an MRI as abnormal Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction found on echocardiogram. Remainder was referred because the investigation had become routine in the clinic on a first come first served basis. Group A are the patients who had normal R2* $<40 \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$ and Group B are those with cardiac iron and R2* $\geq 40 \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$.

