Granulocyte after treatment with ATG

A microphotograph of a peripheral blood human granulocyte showing a segmented nucleus after perfusion of a non-human primate with human blood in a transplantation model. Human blood was treated with anti-thymocyte globulin (Fresenius, Bad Homburg, Germany) to prevent acute rejection and minimize the consequences of Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury. (Giemsa stain x400, DIC-Nomarsky)

Figure 1.

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